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THE COMMERCIAL, PITTSBURGH.

The Daily Commercial.

Rebel Press on the Situation.

The telegraph has brought us the gratifying intelligence that SHERMAN has passed safely through Georgia and reached a place of safety for himself and army. But feeble attempts were made to embarrass his march, although the rebel papers gave daily accounts of the preparations made to annihilate him. They now admit he has got through, and is safely established on the coast, without any material loss. His next move will be to capture Savannah, which the rebels say he cannot do. But even if he does succeed in capturing it, Savannah, they say, "is not the Confederacy, nor yet Georgia, nor anything more than Savannah and its capture would count about as much towards the conquest of the South as the capture of Chicago towards the conquest of the North." They have a very convenient way of accommodating themselves to circumstances. The fall of Richmond, Charleston and Mobile would be regretted, but their capture would not be of great consequence after all. The capture is not, they think, nothing like an equivalent for what SHERMAN abandoned. For while he was looking for a way to the coast, General HOOD "has established himself in the pleasant and plentiful country of Middle Tennessee," where he has THOMAS shut up in Nashville, and forced the evacuation of Chattanooga and Murfreesboro. The Richmond *Examiner* is unwilling to admit HOOD's fitness to use, to the best advantage, the magnificent opportunities that he has now in his hands. "To deal with a population like that of Tennessee and Kentucky needs statesmanship as well as military skill," but that HOOD will do the best he can. "If JOHNSTON or BEAUREGARD were at the head of that army, new armies would spring up, and the Confederate frontier would be rectified on the Ohio." But, as it is they are willing to be satisfied if Middle and West Tennessee be cleard of Yankee garrisons, and the Tennessee and Cumberland rivers be blocked up by Confederate batteries. "Even with this minor measure of success, the balance of advantage in the double campaign of SHERMAN and HOOD, is with the Confederacy." This is, no doubt, very pleasant to contemplate, but we think when they get HOOD's dispatch concerning the two days' fight before Nashville, they will be forced to conclude that the balance is with SHERMAN. But, as usual, they prepare themselves for any contingency. It is too soon, they say, to strike a balance. "But after all, whatever may occur at Nashville, or Savannah, we do not see that it can be important or decisive enough to exercise much influence in the result of the struggle." HOOD has failed in Tennessee, his army beaten, routed, and demoralized. SHERMAN, no doubt by this time, in possession of Savannah, and yet, they lay the flattering unction to their souls, that it can have no influence on the result of the struggle.

THE President's modification of the order of Gen. DIX, restraining pursuit of rebel raiders into Canada, is received with favor by loyal, reflecting men; while those of the other sort are uprorious. In New York, on the day following the publication of Gen. DIX's order, some worthy citizens, whose patriotic zeal could not well be repressed, came together at the St. Nicholas Hotel, and resolved to call a general indignation meeting against England, at the Cooper Institute. The arrangements were soon perfected, the day was fixed, and they thought it would be a good thing to get Gen. DIX to preside. A committee accordingly called on the General, but he not only peremptorily declined, but advised the indefinite postponement of the proposed demonstration altogether, on the ground that while it could do no good at the present time, it might do much harm, in needlessly exasperating the public mind. The Government, he added, had taken the necessary steps to prevent the recurrence of the former grievance, the committee, of course, took the General's advice, and so the proposed indignation will be—as it should be—held in respectful reserve.

Revenue and Expense of Pennsylvania

The receipts of the State Treasury from all sources, for the fiscal year ending November 30th, 1864, including the balance on hand at the beginning of the year, and $41,032 in depreciated funds, were $6,921,676. The expenditures were $4,938,441. The available balance in the treasury, on the 30th of November, was $1,942,203. Included in the expenses of 1864 were considerably over one million of dollars for military defense and for repelling the rebel raiders on the border, for which, we presume, the State will ultimately be indemnified by the National Government. In view of the fact that the government of the city of New York alone costs $6,784,887 46 for the current year, we think we can boast of economy in our State finances.

The War Between Brazil and Uraguay.

At last accounts the war between Brazil and Uraguay was still going on. General FLORES had appeared before Montevideo at the head of three thousand men, but retreated without assaulting the city. Brazil had ordered the blockade of Montevideo, and issued a notice that all foreign vessels bound to Uraguay would be searched for contraband of war. England denied that there was a war, as Brazil was merely engaged in the suppression of a rebellion, so that Gen. FLORES is not a belligerent. Yet England recognizes JEFF. DAVIS as a belligerent.

The Result of Oil.

Western Pennsylvania has hitherto held rank among the first and richest regions of the United States, owing to its vast capacity for providing coal and iron. The comparatively recent discovery of oil is likely to prove of equal importance. Our friends in the East already indulge the idea that in ten years the population of certain counties on this side of the mountains will be more than doubled in population, while the development of the oil interest must increase the agricultural and manufacturing prosperity of the whole State.

The Attitude of Brazil on the Florida Affair.

By the latest arrival from Rio Janeiro, the only thing to be gathered in reference to the views and designs of the Brazilian government in reference to the seizure of the pirate Florida in the harbor of Bahia, is from the Official *Gazette* of the 26th of October, which says that full directions had been sent to the Brazilian Minister of Legation, at Washington, to demand the proper satisfaction for the conduct of the commander of the Wachusetts.

Re-arrest of More of the St. Alban's Raiders.

By a dispatch from Quebec, we learn that more arrests of raiders have been made, and the prisoners are now being examined; also, that a special messenger from Washington had arrived there bearing dispatches from Secretary SEWARD

—The following is the Union city ticket of Wheeling: Mayor—Henry Crangle; City Sergeant—Andrew H. Britt; City Clerk—Isaac Irwin; City Treasurer—John F. Hopkins; Superintendent of Water Works—James Baggs; Street Commissioner—Henry Sharp; Wharf Works—Joseph Forsythe.

For the Pittsburgh Commercial.

MR. EDITOR: In your issue of this morning you give a description of the launching of the Manayunk on yesterday, the Lord's day. The same paper contains the cheering news of the victories by our armies. You also tell us in the letter of your correspondent, that "a salute of one hundred guns was fired on Lafayette Square opposite the President's house;" and that, "business in the Departments was pretty much given up for congratulations and jubilations." To my mind these things are strangely discordant. God has blessed the efforts of the Government to put down the rebellion, and the Government in return wantonly desecrates his holy day. Who will say that God did not look down in wrath on our land for the scenes of yesterday?

Are we a community of Atheists? or do we think that God is altogether such a one as ourselves? We are filling up the cup of his indignation very fast; and ere long in a way we little expect, He may cause us to drink it to the dregs.

—To the thoughtful the occurrences of yesterday in Washington and Pittsburgh, and no doubt all over the country, are more discouraging than all our victories had been defeats. We can meet human force with human force; but we cannot stand before the Almighty when He contends with us. He may cease to use the rebels as instruments in his hand to scourge us for our sins; but he has other agencies which He can and whom He will employ unless we repent. The observers of God's providence will do well to keep their eye on the Manayunk, and mark her future history.

Pittsburgh, Dec. 18. S.

The Pittsburgh Commercial.

VOL. II. PITTSBURGH, THURSDAY MORNING, DECEMBER 22, 1864. NO. 87.

FIRST EDITION.

12, MIDNIGHT.

SHERMAN'S MARCH.

His Success All that Could Be Desired

His March was Virtually Unopposed.

Complete Destruction of Georgia Railroads.

A Great Desert from Chattanooga to the Sea.

The Army and Navy Co-operating.

15,000 Able-bodied Negroes Brought In

Heavy Loss of the Rebels at Macon.

Special Dispatch to Pittsburgh Commercial.
WASHINGTON, December 21.

The following dispatch has just been received at this bureau from Savannah, from our own correspondent, under date of December 13th:—

General Sherman's success has been all that the country could desire. His army is in splendid condition, in glorious spirits inspired by its achievements, more enthusiastic than ever, and, if it were possible, a better army than ever before.

The march was virtually unopposed, the infantry having scarcely been under fire. Kilpatrick's horsemen rode down nearly all opposition, and in a few cases only was the presence of the infantry needed to send the chivalry off in "search of a last ditch."

The total loss in killed, wounded, missing, and sick will fall below one thousand. Everything on the two great lines of railway from Atlanta via Macon, and via Augusta to Savannah, that could be made either directly or indirectly to serve the interest of the rebel military power, has been destroyed. Two long lines of trestles which lead the roads over the Southern swamps were burned, culverts blown up, rails and ties destroyed, and innumerable bridges burned; also depots, machine shops, car houses, water tanks, and wood stations shared the common fate. To restore these lines will be to build five hundreds miles of railroad anew.

Jeff. Davis can reach no town in Georgia by railroad nor receive or send a telegraphic message to any of the States beyond South Carolina. Georgia, Alabama and Mississippi have escaped from his grasp and are as thoroughly cut off from Richmond as if an ocean separated them. A great desert, both in a military sense and for purposes of military movement, now reaches from Chattanooga to the sea. For one, at least, the chivalry have been thoroughly frightened. Milledgeville surrendered, through its mayor, to five federal soldiers four days before the main army reached the place. This I have direct from one of Gen. Sherman's private scouts, who was of the party which, in the name of Abraham Lincoln, took possession of the capital of Georgia.

The army lived on the best the land afforded. Its bill of fare included all native productions, and the rebels have invariably footed the bill. The army is as rich in flocks and herds as the old patriarchs ever were. Macon was not captured, and though Millen was taken, none of our prisoners were found there. A few, however, have been released on the line of march

The great march has ended, and has been in all respects a most brilliant and successful one. The country can rest satisfied and patiently wait for the details. The hopes of the West now centre by the sea. As the pilgrims landed and sent liberty and a glorious form of government westward along their northern lines of march, so the West has sounded back to the ocean again that sublime hymn of universal freedom which our fathers sung when on Plymouth Rock they dedicated this continent to God.

Another dispatch sent a few hours later says: Heavy firing continued yesterday and down to noon to day. A formidable fleet is below the city co-operating with the army above. Citizens employed here, whose families are now in Savannah, state that the fortifications on the land side are strong, and that the city is defended by about twenty thousand Militiy. Our expedition up Broad river failed in its first attempt to take possession of the Charleston and Savannah railroad. Our forces first landed at a point nearly opposite Grahamsville, but on reaching Honey Hill were compelled to fall back to the fleet. Subsequently a point was discovered near the junction of Tiffany and Broad Rivers, where the railroad crosses a swamp on a high embankment near Gillsonville. We have got a battery of heavy guns in position within fair range of a long portion of the track, which can be kept constantly broken so long as we can hold our ground.

Our position is a strong one, and can be held against great odds. The roads leading into Savannah are thus under our control. Not less than 15,000 able bodied negroes, as nearly as we can estimate, have come in with the army. The feint against Macon cost the rebel militia dear. One of our old brigades killed nearly as many as itself numbered, while its own loss was slight. This was one of the very few infantry engagements that occurred on the march.

The Canadian Difficulty.

The Authorities Anxious to Perform Their Duties.

Best Feeling Between the Two Governments.

A Reward Offered for the Arrest of the Raiders.

QUEBEC, December 21.

It is understood that immediately after the proclamation in reference to the rebel Canadian raiders, Major General Dix dispatched a confidential agent to Canada. The gentleman returned to New York satisfied that the Canadian authorities were taking every necessary step to perform their international obligations. The best understanding prevails between the Quebec and Washington governments.

Mr. Potter, the American Consul, is unwell and has gone to Wisconsin to recuperate. Mr. Thurston, American Vice-Consul, is also ill.

The Governor's proclamation offers a reward for the rearrest of the raiders.

From Army of the Potomac

Attack Made on Our Picket Lines.

Jeff. Davis Reported Dead.

Richmond Papers Contradict the Report

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC, }
December 19th. }

An attack was made by the rebels last night on our picke's on the extreme left of the line, held by the division of General Miles, of the 2d corps. They captured six or eight men, killed and one wounded, all of the 5th New Hampshire regiment. The attacking party were quickly driven back and the line re-established.

A report is current to-day that Jeff. Davis is dead, having poisoned himself.

December 20.—Richmond papers of yesterday say that the report of the death of Jeff. Davis is incorrect, and that he is well and will be in his office to-day.

(Signed.) W. D. MCGREGOR.

Public Amusements.

THEATRE.—Those who have not been to see "Waiting for the Verdict," should improve the opportunity. It is an affecting and at the same time an amusing drama, and is admirably placed upon the stage by Manager Henderson's liberal and artistic character. It is one of those plays that will bear repetition frequently.

LOOK OUT FOR IT.—Our citizens will have the benefit of a free exhibition to-day which will be both novel and strange, interesting and beautiful. We refer to the miniature chariot which will parade the principal streets, drawn by six performing dogs with elegant mountings and trappings. This regal turn out is attached to the great combination troupe which opens at Masonic Hall to-night, under the management of Mr. Rufus Somerby, and of which the Eastern press is most lavish in its praises. Day entertainment on Saturday for ladies and children.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Whisky Taxed Two Dollars after Jan. 1.

THE TAX ON TOBACCO.

The Electoral Vote of Tennessee.

Meeting of Border State Congressmen

Spirited Debate in the House.

Chanler, of New York, Demolished

Great Mail Reached Sherman's Army.

Officers and Detachments from Sherman's Army Ordered to Report.

Capture of Boats by Potomac Flotilla.

Special Dispatch to the Pittsburgh Commercial.
WASHINGTON, December 21.

The Senate having to-day passed the whisky tax precisely as it came from the House, it becomes a law to-morrow, on receiving the President's signature. According to the new law, all whisky manufactured after the 1st of January next, is taxed two dollars per gallon, and by the understanding in both House and Senate, under which the bill was passed, this is to be a finality of the whole question. Meantime, the proposition to tax stocks on hand has been laid on the table and clinched by a motion to reconsider, which, was also laid upon the table.

The following are the main points of the important bill by Kasson, of Iowa, from the Ways and Means Committee taxing tobacco:—The Secretary of the Treasury is required to designate, at convenient points in tobacco growing districts, United States' bonded warehouses, and of every producer prior to removal or delivery of tobacco from the plantation, to make a sworn statement of the quantity produced to the assessor of the district. The manufacturer is made to swear to a similar statement of the several kinds manufactured, and the manufactures can not be removed till such statement is produced. Neither leaf or manufactured tobacco can be removed from the place of production except to a bonded warehouse, or for exportation, without paying duties, and no exported tobacco can come back again without payment of duties. Stringent provisions of fine and imprisonment is intended to be made the penalty of violating any of the provisions of the act. The rate of taxation upon different qualities of tobacco and cigars is still left blank.

The question of repealing the duty on imported paper came up incidentally to-day, in a discussion on an appropriation for stationery. The important fact was developed that Thad. Stevens, Chairman of Ways and Means Committee, would favor the repeal. Washburne led off in the debate, while Rice, of Boston, took the lead in behalf of the paper-maker's monopoly.

There was no vote and the question will not come up in a tangible shape until after the holidays.

The electoral vote of Tennessee has been brought on and the expenses of the messenger have been paid, just as in the case of any other State. The warrant for his payment having to-day passed through the Treasury Department. This would seem to indicate that the Administration has determined to press the reception of the Tennessee electoral vote, and that from Louisiana must likewise be admitted.

Wendell Phillips and Geo. S. Stearnes, of Boston, are having a meeting of border State Congressmen at their rooms to-night. Nearly, if not quite all the emancipationists from those States are present.

Messengers in town from Sherman, to-night, say that when they left, his front pressed close upon the very suburbs of Savannah and that it was absolutely invested, even Sherman's headquarters were not three miles from the city. He was making no haste, but was deliberately organizing his army after his march.

In the House to-day, a spirited scene followed a speech from the representative of the five points, New York city. Mr. Schenck replied to him quite vigorously and among other things intimated that he was really on the side of the rebellion.

Mr. Chanler began a reply, saying that the gentleman from Ohio had accused him of aiding the rebellion, ——

No! no! exclaimed Schenck, you didn't do anything so manly as to shoulder your musket and go to the field to help your friends in rebellion.

To this Chanler responded with a statement that, though not a member of the New York 7th Regiment, he had accompanied it to Washington, at the outbreak of the war, and had one night stood guard as a private soldier. Subsequently he had offered his services as a staff officer to General DIX, and had been refused. He had made similar offers to several other general officers, and all had refused him. Under these circumstances he claimed that he had done what he could to help to put down the rebellion.

Little Mr. Samuel COX at once rose with features expressive of mingled solemnity and indignation. He hoped that his colleague, Gen. Schenck, was now thoroughly ashamed of himself for having thus impugned the services of a soldier of the Republic.

The House exploded, the galleries joined in, and for some time the only man in the Chamber having a sober face was Mr. Chanler.

The House at least is likely to have little more than a quorum to-morrow, as a large number of members, particularly from the West, are leaving to-night, for the holidays.

By Associated Press.

The Postoffice department has received the following dispatch from special agent Markland:

FORTRESS MONROE, December 20.

W. Dennison, Post Master General.

I have just arrived here. I left General Sherman on the evening of the 16th. The great mail was distributed to the army on that day. The best of health and spirit prevails.

A. S. MARKLAND.

WAR DEPARTMENT, ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE, WASHINGTON, D. C., December 19, 1864.
SPECIAL ORDERS No. 455: EXTRACT 25.—All officers and detachments absent from General Sherman's army and not on duty with General Thomas, will immediately join their respective commands, near Savannah, via New York. The Quartermaster at New York will furnish transportation. By order of the Secretary of War.

E. D. TOWNSEND,
Assistant Adjutant General.

The Navy Department has received a communication from Commander Parker, commanding the Potomac Flotilla, in which he says, learning from the Provost Marshal at Baltimore that the enemy were arming boats on Coon River, for the purpose of making a raid on the Bay, I sent the Cour De Leon and the Mercury thither on the 15th, under command of Acting Master Morris. They found three large boats and two scows, all of which were captured. The Home Guard, in large force, made a show of resistance, but were quickly off.

New York Finance and Trade.

Special to the Western Associated Press.
NEW YORK, Dec. 21.

The speculative feeling on the railway list was very tame this morning and lower prices, with the exception of old Southern and Cock Island. The expectation of news from Sherman and from Forter's expedition produces a disposition to wait. Light speculative transactions generally and short sales. The interest in Government securities is checked in the absence of assurance from Mr. Fessenden of his intention to suspend the issue of gold bearing bonds. Rails road bonds are dull. Bank shares strong. Miscellaneous list quiet without any special feature of interest. The gold room to-day was free from the excitement of yesterday, and the dealings were on a much more moderate scale. Stocks were quiet at the petroleum board to-day. The bidding prices on many of them was raised. Sales of Germania at 110, and Quaker Manhattan at 75. Money in more demand and rates are tending upward. No important movement in Foreign Exchange. Government a shade easier. Stocks dull and heavy U. S. 6s 81; coupons 110½; 5-20s coupons 108⅝; 10-40s coupons 101½; 1 year certificates 96⅜; Missouri 6s 63½; and Ohio and Mississippi Central 33½; New York Central 114½; Mariposa 31½; Erie 89½; Hudson 115¾. Michigan Southern 145; Illinois Central scrip 125¾; Cleveland and Pittsburgh 98½; Chicago and Northwestern 41½; do preferred 71¾; Fort Wayne 102; gold closed 223⅝.

THE NATIONAL FINANCES.

Another $100,000,000 of Ten-Forty Bonds.

NEW YORK, December 21.

The Secretary of the Treasury has decided to issue another hundred million of Ten-Forty Bonds, interest payable in gold.

XXXVIIITH CONGRESS.

SECOND SESSION.

WASHINGTON, December 21.

SENATE.—Mr. COLEMAN presented the memorial of Harper & Bros. and other publishers, praying for the modification of the clause relative to carrying periodicals in the mails.

Mr. SHERMAN reported the House Bill, taxing whisky, and asked immediate action upon it. He said the bill proposed to anticipate the additional tax by making its operation commence on January 1st, instead of February 1st. It was objected that such a change of legislation in ilicated instability in Congress. It was in effect taking a judgment upon manufacturers, and seriously interfering with their regular arrangements. On the other hand it was asserted that the manufactures of the article would be greatly increased if this bill should not pass, and that an immense quantity would be made upon which only a dollar would be paid.

Mr. MCDOUGAL objected, that it would interfere with contracts.

Mr. FARWELL asserted that the neglect to tax whisky had already deprived the country of more than enough to pay off the army to this date.

On motion of Mr. SUMNER, the Senate proceeded to the consideration of the resolution to repeal the reciprocity treaty.

Mr. SUMNER—I had intended, on the consideration of the proposition, to renew the whole subject, and to exhibit at length the history of the reciprocity treaty, but after the debates of a few days ago, and considering the apparent unanimity in the Senate, I have felt unwilling to occupy the time by any protracted remarks, as they are not needed. The people of the United States have been uneasy under the reciprocity treaty for several years. I may almost say from its date there was a feeling that it was more advantageous to Canada. The feeling has of late ripened into a conviction, at the same time the exigencies of the present war require so large expenditures, makes it unreasonable for us to countenance a treaty by which the resources of the country would unquestionably suffer. It is such considerations as these which have brought the public mind to its present position. The unanimible feelings manifested towards the United States by the people of Canada has had little influence on the question, unless, perhaps, they may have compelled us to look at it in the light of reason rather than of sentiment. The question of the treaties is before the treaty. Some arrangement, either by reciprocal legislation or by further negotiation, can be made on this matter so far as may be needed. The Committee on Foreign Affairs, after full consideration, at a full meeting, was unanimous in its report, and as the Committee represents all parts of the country, and all the statements of the Senate, I have thought that perhaps there might be a similar unanimity among the Senators, therefore I forbear all further remarks, and ask for a vote.

Mr. HALE expressed himself opposed to the repeal of the treaty and asked for the postponement of the resolution to the 6th of January next that he might have an opportunity to address the Senate on the subject.

Messrs. THUMBULL, DAVIS, FOSTER, CONNESS and FOOT, while in favor of the resolution were also in favor of its postponement, inasmuch as Mr Hale desired to speak on the subject.

Mr. SUMNER said after the explanation of Mr. Hale he would let the subject rest quietly for the present. He had supposed that Mr. Hale had already stated his objections to the proposition in his remarks a few days ago, but if such was not the case, he was perfectly willing that the postponement should take place. The resolution was postponed to the 6th of January next.

After Executive session, the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE.—On motion of Mr. ANCONA, it was resolved that the Committee of Ways and Means be requested to inquire into the expediency of reducing or suspending the import duty on printing paper, and they are hereby requested to report by bill or otherwise, at an early day.

On motion of Mr. GARFIELD, the Committee on Military Affairs were instructed to inquire as to the expediency of amending the enrollment act so as to allow any person drafted to furnish a substitute at any place where a mustering officer is stationed, to be credited to any part of the Congressional District in which the person resides at the time the substitute is accepted.

Debates ensued in which the subject of retaliating the same treatment on rebel prisoners as the Union soldiers receive was discussed.

Mr. SCHENCK said that the Committee on Military Affairs was gathering information on the subject of the barbarous treatment of our prisoners and would soon report.

Finally the House adopted a resolution that if not incompatible with the public interests, all communications not heretofore published, be communicated to the House by the Secretary of War.

The House then proceeded to a consideration of the bill to supply certain ninety millions of dollars of deficiency in the appropriations for the present fiscal year. During a brief discussion on the appropriations for printing paper for the Government Printing Bureau, Mr. RICE, of Massachusetts, said that there was evidence to show that the paper manufacturers have combined together to advance the price of paper. He had been told so, but never got the substantial facts, that one reason for the high price, was the scarcity and tax on raw material.

Mr. WASHBURNE said the duty on paper is prohibitory. He had understood from the best authority that there is a combination of paper manufacturers, and that the whole matter had who has brought up the prices from 12@15 to 25@26 cents a pound. That there has been such an advance in paper gentlemen could not deny.

Mr. DAWES said this was the result in part of the tax on the raw material and the rate of foreign exchange.

Mr. WASHBURNE resuming, knew of a case where one-half of a paper mill, in Illinois, was offered for sale for $15,000, because they say it will not pay an interest of forty per cent. Paper on paper is to be taxed 30 per cent, and will destroy many of the newspapers of the country.

Mr. MORRILL asked the gentleman how high is the tariff on paper?

Mr. WASHBURNE replied that it was high enough to prevent any paper from being imported. He thought it was twenty per cent. paper in gold. The Committee then rose.

The House passed the Deficiency Bill with slight amendments, and adjourned.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

New York Money and Stock Market.

NEW YORK, Dec. 21.

Stocks lower. Money on call 6@7 per cent. Sterling exchange dull at 109 for specie. Cleveland and Rock Island 106⅛; Cleveland and Pittsburgh 102⅜; Illinois Central scrip 125⅝; Cleveland and Toledo 103¾; Chicago and Northwestern 40½; do preferred 71¾; New York Central 114½; Erie 90⅜; do preferred 101; do 3d mortgage 94; Michigan Southern 72; Michigan Southern 72; Delaware and Hudson 217; Chicago and Northwestern 1st mortgage 99; U. S. 6s, 5-20 coupons 108¾; U. S. 1-year certificates 97; U. S. 10-40s, coupons 101⅝; Treasury 7-30s 122; North Carolina 6s 58; Missouri 6s 63½; New York 6s 106; do 7s 115; Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago 102; Reading 114½.

New York Gold Market.

NEW YORK, Dec. 21.

Gold weak and dull, both sides being indisposed to operate. The price at 10:30 a. m. was 223½; advanced to 227, but declined again to 223⅝.

New York Petroleum Market.

NEW YORK, Dec. 21.

Petroleum firm. Crude 55@56, and 1 900 bbls refined, free, for January, buyers option, at 90. Refined in bond quoted at 75@76.

New York Market.

NEW YORK, Dec. 21.

Cotton firm; $1 25 for middling. Flour, State and Western rather more active and prices have declined cheap; $10 05@10 30 for extra State; $11 @11 20 for extra round hoop, and $11 25@12 for trade brands; market closing quiet. Whisky heavy, unsettled and lower; $2 18@2 25, including small parcels at $2 22½ closing heavy at $2 18. Wheat quiet and steady; prime amber State $2 55; Milwaukee club at $2 23. Rye dull. Barley quiet. Corn dull; $1 90 for mixed western in store. Oats dull and declining; $1 01@1 05 for western. Coffee dull; no change. Sugar quiet; Havana, 18@18¾. Molasses dull. Hops quiet and unchanged. Wool steady. Pork opened decidedly firmer, but closed heavy at $39 75@41 00 for 1863 and 1864, mess, cash and regular way, closing at $40 50, cash; $41 50@42 50 for New Mess; $37 00@37 50 for Prime, and $39 45@39 50 for Mess. Also, 1,000 bbls, Navy Prime Mess, at $42 00; seller's and buyer's option, $41 75@43, and 6,700 bbls at $39 00@41 00, Mess for January, sellers and buyers option. Beef less active but firm at previous prices; 500 bbls navy at $25 00. Beef hams steady; cut meats firm. Bacon in demand at, Cumberland 20½@22¾; long ribbed for January reported at 21½@21¾. Dressed hogs firm at 17¼@17½ for Western. Lard firm at 20½@20¾. Butter steady.

Cincinnati Market.

CINCINNATI, December 21.

Flour unchanged, and prices still unsettled; superfine not salable at over $8, and extra no sale over $9 25. Wheat firmer; Red at $2@2 05, and White at $2 30@2 35. Corn quiet and unchanged. Rye selling at $1 45. Oats, at 86@86½. Barley dull and lower in spring at $1 60@1 65, and fall at $1 65@1 70. Whisky rather dull, buyers offering $2, while holders asked $2 10; sales at $2 05@2 10, the former the prevailing rate. A good demand for mess Pork; 2,000 bbls sold at $40@40 50. There is a good demand for Bulk Meats, with sales of 240,000 lbs at 16c for Shoulders and 18@18½c for Sides, packed. Lard unchanged. Green Hams at 16½c, Sides at 16½c, and Shoulders at 13¾c. Coffee dull at 45@47c. Sugar unchanged at 28@29½c. Clover Seed advanced to $10. Gold, 220. Silver, 205.

Chicago Market.

CHICAGO, Dec. 21.

Receips—1,500 bbls Flour, 15,000 bushels of Wheat, 1,500 bush Corn, 24,000 bush Oats, 16,000 Hogs. Shipments—1,200 bbls Flour, 7,000 bush Corn. Whisky opened firm at $2 03@2 05, closing heavy. Flour dull. Wheat quiet at $1 72 for No. 1. Corn active and firm at 91@95c, reflected. Oats quiet, at 66c. Provisions dull. Mess, $38 00@39 00; Prime Mess, $36 50@37 00. Dressed Hogs in good demand, and 25c higher; $14 75@15 00, dividing on 200 Hogs at $11 50@12 50.

SECOND EDITION.

4 O'CLOCK, A. M.

Late Southern News.

THE VIRGINIA SALT WELLS.

Gen. Foster Still Holds His Position.

Ogeechee Railroad Bridge Burned.

Where Sherman will Next Attack.

CHARLESTON HIGHLY EXCITED.

Special Dispatch to the Pittsburgh Commercial.
WASHINGTON, December 21.

Full files of Monday's Richmond papers are received at this bureau. They contain no news except the following extracts:

The Richmond *Whig* says the Virginia Salt Works are safe, and adds: "An official dispatch received on Saturday night at the War Department stated that Burbridge's forces, already announced as within a few miles of Wytheville, had prudently retired by the road over which they had advanced. A later dispatch says that General Vaughan, with a considerable force, is in close proximity to the retreating raiders."

The Charleston *Mercury* of the 5th, has information that the enemy still holds his position at Coosowatchie, about three quarters of a mile from the Charleston and Savannah railroad track. His batteries continue to shell every passenger train. With this exception all is quiet between Charleston and Hardeeville, the present terminus of the road. The railroad bridge over the Savannah river has not been burned as was reported. The structure burned was the long and important trestle-work on the Georgia side of Savannah.

The Savannah *Republican*, of the 12th, says: That on Saturday and Sunday artillery firing on both sides, was actively kept up with more or less skirmishing. There is no change in the aspect of affairs at either point. Since our last issue everything goes on well and all are in the best spirits.

The Charleston *Courier*, of the 12th, says that a disabled soldier, who left Savannah on Monday morning, has reached this city. He states that on Saturday, the 18th inst., three several and severe charges were made against our lines, between the Central and Gulf railroads and about five miles from the city, beginning at one P. M.

These assaults were repulsed in good style and with good spirits and determination on our side. It was reported that the Ogeechee Bridge, on the Gulf Railroad, near Savannah, had been burned by our forces, perhaps too soon, and this prevented the arrival of some forces who could have reached Savannah. It is more than probable that these soldiers may find good work to do, however, on the south side of the Ogeechee, as things now go. At all events they can work their way back for good service.

The Charleston *Mercury* learns that the bridge over the Ogeechee river has been destroyed by our troops. It is believed that Gen. G. W. Smith is well posted on the other side of the river, with about eight thousand troops. Charleston was full of rumors of various kinds, which the *Mercury* could trace to no authentic source. The most trustworthy report came via Hardeeville, and was to the effect that heavy fighting was going on at noon on Monday, near the Ogeechee course, which is only a few miles from Savannah, but that our men had nobly maintained their position, and repulsed the enemy.

The *Mercury*, of the 16th, says:—Sherman seems for the present to have abandoned the direct attack on the city, and appears to be turning his attention to the reduction of the outworks. We regret to announce the fall of Fort McAllister. That post was carried early yesterday morning by assault, in which a heavy column of Sherman's best troops participated. It is believed the enemy will next make a desperate effort to gain possession of Genesis Point.

Another Issue of 10-40 Bonds.

Sherman Has Savannah Completely Invested.

Hardee's Force 20,000.

Special Dispatch to the Pittsburgh Commercial.
WASHINGTON, December 21.

It is understood that the Secretary of the Treasury intends to issue another hundred millions of ten-forty bonds, to be taken through the aid of the National banks.

A dispatch from Savannah from our own correspondent, received late to-night at this bureau, says, under date of last Wednesday, that Sherman has completely invested Savannah, his right resting on the Ogeechee at Fort McAlister, his centre being about three miles from the heart of the city, and his left on the Savannah river above the city. The city is sure to fall.

Hardee's force is estimated at from 15,000 to 20,000.

Vice-Admiral Farragut.

Confirmations by the Senate.

Promotion of Gallant Navy Officers.

Financial Condition of the Navy.

WASHINGTON December 21.

The President to-day signed the bill to establish the grade of Vice Admiral, who is to be the ranking officer of the Navy, and relatively of the same rank as Lieutenant General of the Army. Immediately afterwards the President nominated to the Senate Rear Admiral Farragut to that position, and the Senate confirmed the appointment in the usual formality of referring it to the Standing Committee.

Vice Admiral Farragut was notified by telegraph of this mark of honor conferred on him. He is expected to visit Washington at an early day.

The Senate also confirmed the following nominations: John Big-low, of New York, now Consul at Paris, to be Charge d'Affairs, *ad interim*; Commander S. Thornton, executive officer United States steamer Kearsarge, to be advanced in his grade ten numbers, for like service with contracts. Lieut. Commanding Whiting, for gallant conduct in the action with the Alabama; Commander Wm. H. Macomb, for distinguished conduct in the capture of Fort Fisher, with his entire command, estimated at from 12,000 to 15,000 men, were cut off from escape, and the capture of the city was deemed certain.

It appears from the statements of the Secretary of the Navy, made to the Senate to-day, that the appropriations applicable to the fiscal year ending June, 1864, amounted to $27,564,000, from which deficiencies in various bureaus to the amount of $8,572,000 are deducted, leaving about $229,000,000 as the real amount of means so applicable.

Confirmation has been received that one of the St. Alban's raiders has been arrested in Canada and it is expected the others will soon be in custody, as there is a very efficient detective force along the frontier.

Both branches of Congress have passed the bill amendatory of the Internal Revenue law, imposing a duty of five cents per gallon on distilled spirits, on and after the 1st of January next, and the bill only awaits the President's signature.

The Military Horizon.

Gen. Grant's Plans Culminating.

The New York *Post* concludes an article with the following comprehensive view of the military situation:

For the first time in the war, our superiority of force has been made thoroughly useful. General Grant's plans, carried out by his chosen lieutenants, have succeeded to that degree that we have at this moment three armies operating in the field, Sherman's Thomas's and Canby's, with only a scattered or insignificant force opposed to them; while a fourth army of liquor, gave the officers—four in number—considerable trouble to convey him to the bonds. A large crowd of indignant sympathisers followed, threatening to rescue him, but failed to attempt it. The prisoner was not, as stated, beaten with a "handy-billy" or otherwise ill-treated: but how the officers having him in charge, refrained to do so, is beyond our ken.

ORPHANS' FAIR.—The Orphans' Fair, for the benefit of St. Paul's Orphan Asylum, has commenced, and will be open every night, at Concert Hall, Fifth street. The managers of this noble charity publish an appeal to the charitable, in which they ask donations in cash, groceries or provisions. The institution is in straitened circumstances, and being supported entirely by voluntary contributions, the managers are compelled to call the attention of the benevolent to its necessities. We feel satisfied that the appeal will not be made in vain. Between two hundred and three hundred orphan children are at present in the asylum, and the number is constantly increasing. In the general merry-making during the holidays do not forget the orphans.

DECEMBER TERM OF THE COURT OF QUARTER SESSIONS.—This Court will meet on Monday next at one o'clock. All persons having anything to do before it should so promptly on hand on that day. The parties owe this to themselves as also to the Court, which is delayed by their neglect. The District Attorney requests us to ask all magistrates who have not yet made their returns, to do so at once, as it will largely accelerate the action of the Grand Jury. They are, moreover, bound by law to make such returns ten days prior to the meeting of the Grand Jury, and those not having done so and continuing in said delinquency, will necessarily subject themselves to indictment for neglect of duty.

Highly Important.

New York Rapidly Filling Her Quota.

The Fenians of New Jersey.

The Russian Minister Refuses to Go to Mexico.

Important Arrest of Counterfeiters.

Fremont and the French Mission.

Union Ladies of Winchester and General Sheridan.

London Times and Sherman's March.

Nothing in Modern Times Equals It.

The Rebels Get Cold Comfort from Napoleon.

Russell Puts the Last Nail in the Scotch Coffin.

NEW YORK, Dec. 21.

There was a meeting at the Brooklyn Academy of Music to sympathize with the people of East Tennessee. Admiral Farragut was one of the speakers.

Advices from Washington say that friendly feeling is fully restored between the United States and the Canadian Government.

The courts of New Jersey adjourned yesterday on hearing of the death of Mr. Dayton.

The Fenians in New Jersey are endeavoring to obtain the removal of Father Vemita, the priest who recently attempted to break up a Fenian meeting. The feeling between the priest and the members of his church is of a very unpleasant nature.

General efforts are being made to fill the quota of New York. A large number of substitutes enlisted Wednesday.

Brooklyn is offering large bounties and making an issue of ten per cent bonds to pay them.

The *Commercial Advertiser's* Washington letter says the Russian minister declines going to Mexico to congratulate Maximilian on his new Governmment.

Mr. Blondel will go as the representative of the King of the Belgians.

A band of counterfeiters were broken up yesterday. Three of the party were arrested. A large amount of counterfeits on Government notes and banks of Massachusetts and Connecticut were seized.

The *World's* Washington special says: Immediately on the announcement of Mr. Dayton's death, the chances of his successor were canvassed. Fremont's name was mentioned by some. Governor Radlabe, of Delaware, is considered good. Montgomery Blair and H. J. Raymond are also mentioned, and that of Anson S. Miller, of Delaware.

Surgeon Farrington has been granted three months' leave of absence, out of compliment, for gallant active service.

Judge McCullough, Comptroller of the currency, declares that no bank can be supplied with a circulation to an amount exceeding ninety per cent. of

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Purviance's Photograph Rooms, corner of Fifth and Market streets, second and third stories, over Richardson's jewelry store, Pittsburgh, Pa. Photographs of every style, in all or colors, from this popular gems de visite to cabinet and life-size. Mr. Purviance would particularly call the attention of the aged and infirm to the easy accessibility of this establishment, being reached by a single short flight of stairs. Prices moderate, and satisfaction guaranteed.

The Daily Commercial.

THURSDAY, DECEMBER 22, 1864.

☞ Correspondence on matters of public interest is solicited and will be thankfully received from our friends in all parts of the country, when accompanied by responsible names. More especially whatever relates to the discovery and production of oil, the development of oil lands and reliable oil intelligence in general, will be acceptable and is desired. Events of local interest mechanical and agricultural results inventions and improvements of every description clearly and briefly described, are also solicited. To secure attention, communications should be brief, entirely suitable, and sent as promptly as possible.

Letters concerning the business departments of the newspaper or printing office should be addressed to the Business Manager. Communications designed for the paper should be addressed to The Editor.

European View of the American Question.

Since the election of Mr. LINCOLN as President of the United States for the ensuing four years, the governments of England and France appear to have been much exercised on American affairs. A correspondent of the *Independence Belge* makes the following revelation:

For some days past, the interviews between English and French statesmen have been, and still continue to be, more frequent than before. On Tuesday Earl Cowley transacted business with M. Drouyn de L'huys, and on the same day the Prince de la Tour d'Auvergne had a long conference with the head of the Foreign Office in London. According to the most accredited version, *it is America which has formed the subject of deliberation both here and on the other side of the channel. The Lincoln election, the speech of Mr. Seward, that of Mr. Jefferson Davis, the affair of the Florida, the violent attack of Mr. Webb in his letter to the Brazilian Minister*—an attack in which, though England alone is designated, she is *endeavoring to induce France to look upon it as a menace to both countries*—all this series of facts is of a nature to make the Union and France reflect.

* * * * Earl Russell has long manifested sympathy for the cause of secession than was formerly the case. As, therefore, in France opinion has always been in favor of the Southern Confederacy, the conjecture may be formed that the two Cabinets are *now actuated by the same feelings.*

This correspondent says that in these conferences "neither the question of intervention, nor the recognition of the South has, it is said, been agitated."

The German press is largely in favor of the Union. The correspondent of the London *Star* at Berlin, in a recent letter asserts that the vast majority of Germans—nine-tenths of the people and the press of Germany—favor the cause of the Union in this contest. He translates several very interesting passages from the comments of leading German newspapers upon the re-election of Mr. Lincoln, from which we make a few extracts. The *Spenersch Zeitung*, (Spener's Gazette,) one of the most conservative of the Berlin press, says:

"Had the Democratic party gained the victory with its candidate, McClellan—had the South been, according to its intentions, restored with the recognition of the claims of the South, it might fairly have been asked—to what end was this four years' struggle? Have not tens of thousands of men been sacrificed in a horrible civil war to no purpose? Where is the gain to humanity out of these smoking and sanguinary ruins?

"But there is reason in the world's history; and this contest, too, which demands such vast sacrifices, has the mission to realize an exalted purpose and civilization—a great Christian object. It is not the particular events of the future course of the struggle so much as its final end and object which will interest humanity at large."

From the Berlin *Evening Gazette*, is taken the following summary of the meaning of the recent election:

They (the rebels) recently rallied their exhausted forces once more, under the belief that the struggle would be brought to a speedy termination favorably to the South by the election of a democratic President in the North. The South relied on the expectation that its democratic friends in the North would come to its assistance before it lay wholly exhausted and prostrate on the ground. This hope has been disappointed. The people, participants in the struggle, and will persevere in it till the South cries for pardon, or till it lies crushed at the feet of the conqueror. This is, for the South, the meaning of Lincoln's re-election and the victory of the Republicans.

* * * * *

It is no political dream if we think we see the Union in no very distant future spreading her powerful wings over all America—North and South. It lies in the nature of the development of the whole, that the division of the globe that it should become one vast federation, in which, while all the individual States have their own separate development guaranteed they should all at the same time be united together as a single power, opposing with their collective strength all foreign interference, preserving peace among themselves, and opening and applying the united resources of all the States to help on the advancement of each. To the realization of this splendid future of the Union the re-election of Lincoln is the first step.

The Berlin *Reform* says:

Lincoln has been re-elected by a great majority; the elements of discouragement, of weakness without and within, and the policy of delay will have with this victory been swept away. The Union has recovered the great principle of its existence; and this theoretical victory will not fail to be followed by practical success. The Southerners' courage of despair which had drawn hope once more from the programme of Chicago, has suffered its last defeat. The cannon has now only to put the seal to that which has been confirmed as irreversible destiny. The indivisibility of the Union on the basis of the liberation of the slaves—this is the certain future, whether it be realized through the continued opposition of the South and the continuing victory of the North, or whether the South itself takes the truly desperate initiative of arming its black population in order that they may meet death on behalf of the perpetuation of their own servitude.

The *People's Journal* thus views the case:

The electoral lists of the States which have participated in Lincoln's election beat those the strength of the Union and the weakness of the rebellion. Out of the thirty-two million souls in the United States, twenty-four million have taken part in this election, and of the eight million still under the rebel government there are at least three million negroes. The reported design of the Southerners to form no gro regiments, in order that the negroes may fight against their liberators for their own slavery, shows nothing else than the utmost desperate situation they are in.

It does appear that our friends in Europe have been disciplined into a more thorough understanding of affairs in this country than they ever before enjoyed, and with their increased light has been developed a large spirit of friendship which is most encouraging to patriotic Americans everywhere.

The Future of the Democratic Party.

At length the Democratic party feels the might of right, and its chosen organs are preparing the public mind for any positive change which may reveal itself within the next few weeks. The New York *World* is the harbinger of the new light. Fearing the hopeless fall of the Democratic party it counsels its readers that "before another Presidential election the Abolition question will probably be in such a state that the past ideas will not apply," it is of the utmost importance that "the party" should not "bind itself to a dead corpse," or "commit itself to the fortunes of a moribund institution." This advice is proferred because, the *World* has discovered, that "there is no conceivable position on the Slavery question on which the Democratic party can plant itself and become a majority."

The *World* in considering the subject of Finance as that upon whichfuture issues may be based, says:

Our reason why the thoughts of the party should be turned into this channel, is that it involves questions which cannot grow obsolete with the lapse of time, while some of the issues in the late election may. Before another Presidential election the Abolition question, for example, will probably in such a state that past ideas will not apply. As the protocol advances toward its predetermined solution, we shall see public opinion more and more disposed to acquiesce in the manifest tendency of events.

The way of salvation is pointed out in the following significant language:

Unless the Democratic party is blind enough to run the hazard of disintegration, it must distinguish between those questions virulently settled and questions that still remain open. It must so far keep pace with events as to accept their logic. Public opinion has no efficiency wi hout political combination; but for masses large enough to form a majority to act in concert, though must be left free on all questions save those which rank as living, vital questions. The number who oppose the Abolition of Slavery (now a minority) is not likely to grow larger, but to grow less, with the progress of time. Every Democrat may, of course, hold whatever opinion he chooses on that subject. Such opinions are no longer of the slightest political consequence. Individual democrats will think what they please; but the subject must be dismissed from the range of topics on which the party is expected to have distinctive views.

The downfall of the Union party is thus foreshadowed:

On questions connected with the financial policy of the Government the Democratic party has a better chance to gain the public ear, and greater capacity for rendering valuable service. A vast debt and a great war are objects of even solicitude with all thinking men. To pay the interest on the one and to support the other will put upon the resources of the country an increasing strain, which must give a new turn to our politics as the pressure is more and more felt. The country already begins to stagger under the burden. The Republican party is mentally unfit to cope with this problem.

Hence the hope of the future existence of the Democratic party rests in the consideration of tariffs, internal taxes, protection, currency, national banking systems, &c. The practical solution of all this is that the Democratic party is, confessedly, dead; that there is but one party now in existence—that of the Union, and that it is the desire of certain politicians to divide the people in their sentiment of devotion to the interests of the Country for the sake of founding a party on issues opposed to the present Administration, and the unity of the people.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

THE PATRIOT BOY.

The uncertainty at first raised in the mind as to what one among the many thousand "Boys" of our country who have shown their worth was meant, is cleared up by a glance into the pages of the book. We find that not only the Patriot but the Scholar, is held up for admiration and imitation, in the person and character of Professor Mitchel, the great Astronomer. The author is the Rev. P. C. Headley, the publisher, W. H. Appleton. Professor, afterwards General Mitchel, was in some respects a remarkable man and one whose history may be perused with pleasure and profit. It is for sale by Davis, Clark & Co.

WOODCLIFF.

A New England story with a Scotch hero, skillfully handled, are guarantees of a pleasant volume. Although a novel, a high moral tone pervades it throughout. We are assured that "the hero, taken from the humbler walks of life, is a type of that struggling class that thrive best in our country. By his moral and intellectual worth, sustained by an unfaltering trust in God, he rises step by step, trampling over every difficulty, until he attains a commanding position among his fellow men." Published by Lindsay & Blakiston, Philadelphia; for sale by Davis, Clark & Co.

TREASURY OF TRAVEL AND ADVENTURE.

There are books which take us long and pleasant journeys to all parts of the world, while yet we stay at home. This is one of them. The idea is thrown out in the preface, where we are promised (a promise redeemed in the pages,) that though snug and comfortable in the easy chair, we participate in Indian fights, encounters with lions, tigers, and rhinoceroses, in dreary mountain climbings, in passages of parching deserts, and dreadful months of midnight in the Artic zone; dive into the depths of the sea, or rise in aeronautic flights five miles above the earth—all this without suffering from cold or heat, or thirst or hunger, or fatigue or sorrow of any kind. The illustrations are numerous, and altogether the book is a happy idea, admirably executed. Published by G. D. Appleton & Co., New York; and for sale by Hunt.

COUSIN ALICE.

In writing the memoirs of Alice B. Haven the author has seemed to create a beautiful picture, suggestive of all good influences, while in fact he has only transferred one of those sweet realities in this world so rare and so much to be loved. It is the life of a woman of goodness, and good actions, from the cradle to the grave, whereby the Christian is made lovely and the religious sentiment adorned. As a volume of simple biography, yet calculated to exert a deep influence, it is to be commended. Appleton, New York, is the publisher. For sale by Davis, Clark & Co.

DIARY OF MISS KITTY TREVYLYAN.

A story of the times of Whitfield and the Wesleys; by the author of "Chronicles of Schonberg," "Colla Family," &c.

Whoever has kept up with the publication of Religious Romance will require nothing more than the above transcript of the title-page. The authoress declines to have her name used, but has presented for the American edition a preface which is the next best thing. Her works have attained a wide-spread celebrity, in Europe and America, and justly, for scarcely another has been so successful in the department of literature to which the present volume belongs. The wholesome influence which her works exert is her highest commendation. M. W. Dodd, N. Y., publishers; for sale by Davis, Clark & Co.

Oil Intelligence.

From Morgan county, Ohio, we have the intelligence that a good strike has just been made on Robert's Run, on the Kirkpatrick farm, two miles from McConnellsville, at a depth of about two hundred feet.

Every available acre along Mahoning Creek, Armstrong county, we learn, has been leased for oil purposes. A very desirable tract of land in Washington township, opposite the mouth Mahoning, has been purchased at a high rate, by a Company who intend developing it for its mineral and oil resources. This land extends nearly two miles along the river—has an extensive bottom on it, and is very level in the bluffs—and through it a small creek flows. It has a five foot vein of superior coal. Its hills are filled with excellent iron ore, and the best indications of surface oil which has yet been discovered along the river. A Company has leased a portion of the R. O. Quigley farm for the purpose of boring an oil well thereon, and are to proceed at once with their investigations. This farm is in Washington township, nearly opposite Dixon's Well, which, when being bored a few years ago, emitted a large quantity of gas, which accidentally becoming ignited, consumed the derrick and other combustible material around it, and was extinguished. A large sum has been offered the proprietors of the Oak Hill Furnace by a Company of Eastern Carolina, Ohio, to lease the land thereon for coal. This property is situated on the eastern bank of the Allegheny river, about six miles above Kittanning and four south of the mouth of Mahoning creek. It contains about 117 acres in fee simple, and has a coal privilege of over 200 acres more, in which superior coal exists abundantly.

We have already alluded to the existence of oil or petroleum in various parts of Indiana county and in the northern part of the county is where the indications are most favorable. The existence of this oil, as heretofore stated, along the Little Mahoning creek, has long been known, and we are now assured by gentlemen conversant with that section of country, that the most favorable indications exist in several localities—oil having been, during a period of ten to twenty years, frequently gathered in springs and rivulets. Good coal also abounds. "Within the past two or three weeks, says the *Register*, considerable interest has been awakened relative to this matter—and we learn that already a very large scope of territory has been leased—some of it by eastern capitalists, some of it by citizens of our own county. It is not likely, however, that operations in boring wells will be begun this winter—but if we are not mistaken in appearance, next summer may witness as much energy in this field of enterprise in our county, as heretofore characterized the oil fields of Venango county. Should the indications of the presence of oil referred to are not fallacious, and early operations develope it in boring quantities, it will prove a source of great wealth to our county."

The oil fever still continues to spread in Monongalia county, Western Virginia, and the Morgantown people are in great glee over the prospective increase of their wealth. The *Post* says the "Jonathan Tyler Farm," in that county, about one mile and a half from Morgantown, is one of the best sites for oil in the whole section of country. The farm contains about ninety-three acres, which is mostly bottom land, bordering the Monongahela—the whole of it good boring land. Burning gas has been found on this farm in many places. By making a hole a few inches deep in the ground, gas has issued forth in such large volumes, that the application of a lighted match has caused flames to ascend two feet from the ground. This is a fact, and can be proved, if necessary. The farm has been leased by a couple of gentlemen in Philadelphia, who will no doubt make a "big thing" out of this valuable land. James Kern, of Morgantown, has sold his saw mill and the ground whereon it stands, near Stumptown, for the sum of $7,500 cash.

There is cheering news from the Clarion Oil Dorado. A reliable gentleman lately from Reimersburg says the well near Alum Rock was tubed on the 12th inst., the oil overflowing the conductor. At the Sligo well, on Licking Creek, the chambers were moved on Monday, and the oil flowed out, covering the surface of the stream with the greasy fluid. It will be a matter of importance in the speculation now pent up in Venange, shall find a partial vent on the Clarion. On this subject the late Brookville *Republican* says:—"They have struck oil on the Clarion river, thirteen miles north of this place, and the conviction is strong in the minds of our leading men that it is also abundant here as it is on any of the tributaries of the Allegheny. Capital to a large amount is being invested in lands contiguous to Red Bank and its branches, and we anticipate the time when we shall boast as much grease as the greasy denizens of Oil City."

The oil excitement has at length reached Grafton, W. V., and its immediate vicinity. The *Journal* says:—One company has been already organized there, and several others are in process of formation for the purpose of prosecuting the oil business. The company already formed is composed of Messrs. William A. Turner, C. F. W. Kunst and A. Armstrong, all of Taylor county. They have leased quite an amount of oil territory, and are making preparations to sink wells at an early day.

* * * * *

A New York correspondent writes that the new year is likely to witness a further advance in the price of most of the weekly, if not some of the daily papers. The Sunday *Times* will be increased from five to seven cents. The *Dispatch*, which raised its price from five to ten cents at a single bound, about six weeks since, lost heavily in circulation at first, but now it has more than recovered lost ground. The fact is, higher prices for newspapers, the public see, are a necessity, and like other necessities, it is there fully submitted to.

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The number of deaths in New York last week was 481.

Personal.

Gen. Egan is at Chicago, and is recovering from his wounds.

Franz Muller, previous to his execution, wrote to his parents and brothers and sisters, declaring his innocence. He signs his letter "Franz Muller, who was sold as a slave in London by John Mathews for two thousand thalers."

A movement has been organized for the purpose of erecting a statue to the memory of the late Rev. Dr. Bethune, to commemorate his eminent piety, learning and eloquence and his broad and genial humanity.

Captain Alexander Jones, of Baltimore, the owner of the ship Crest of the Wave, on Friday received a letter from Captain Woodburn, the commander of that ship, conveying sad intelligence. Captain Woodburn announces his arrival at Valparaiso on the 6th of November, in forty-seven days from Acapulco, and adds that during the passage thirteen of his crew died of fever, and Captain Heaps, his first officer, and two seamen, one of them a son of Captain Wiley, of Baltimore, were sent to the hospital, but were in a fair way of recovery. Captain Woodburn's wife, who was on board, died on the 20th of October, and when the letter was written, Captain Woodburn was the only person on board who originally left Baltimore in her.

We learn that John Gibson, Sons & Co., of Philadelphia, deposited on Monday in the First National Bank, to the credit of the Treasurer of the United States, the sum of one hundred thousand seven hundred and eighty-nine dollars, being the tax on spirits distilled at their works on the Monongahela river, for the three months ending in October last.

Father Venuta, of the Bergen Roman Catholic Church, New Jersey, renewed his denunciations of the Fenian Brotherhood, from the pulpit on Sunday. His congregation were forbidden to attend their meetings, or that of any other secret organization, and, he added, if they did not like his course, they might appeal to the Bishop of the Diocese, as the proper and final arbitrator between them.

A New York correspondent says: We have a report this afternoon, believed to be authentic, that General Dix will, at his own request, be relieved from the command of the Department of the East, after the 1st of January. His successor is not named, but General Wool is freely spoken of. Such an appointment, however, is exceedingly improbable, as when Gen. Wool was in command before, he and the Government were not in accord.

Gifts for the Holidays.

In order that the reader may have every facility to make a suitable selection for a holiday gift, we continue brief notices of a variety of goods, advertised in the columns of the COMMERCIAL:

GROCERIES.

At all times desirable articles, are admirable for holiday presents to those whose circumstances are not of the best. The philanthropist and patriot can make some soldier's family happy during the holiday season by the donation of a stock of groceries, and he can make suitable selections from the large stock in store and for sale by the following well-known and popular firms:—Wm. Bagaley, 13 Second street; G. R. Jones & Son, 191 Water street; J. S. Dilworth & Co., Chapel 132 Second street; Miller & Ricketson, 221 Liberty street; Cook, Pettit & Co., First and Smithfield streets; T. C. Jenkins, 239 Liberty street.

TOYS AND NOTIONS.

For children of tender years there is nothing so pleasing as the gift of some beautiful toy. The toy manufacturers continue from year to year to enlarge the number and variety of their manufactures, and the assortment in store for the coming holidays embrace many new and interesting articles for the gratification of the youthful mind. At C. Yeager & Co's 110 Market street, Myler & Co's, Fourth and Wood, and at Foerster & Schwartz, Smithfield, above Sixth, large and excellent assortments of toys can be found, a trouble which the visitor cannot fail to make a suitable selection.

HELPS TO READ.

A very appropriate present to an aged friend or to one whose sight is impaired, would be a pair of gold or silver mounted spectacles, such as may be had at G. E. Shaw's, 57 Fifth street.

A NEAT PRESENT.

And an acceptable one, is offered in the Empire Sewing Machine, a diminutive article, which it is claimed will stitch, hem, bind, tuck, cord and embroider, and is warranted for three years. The price of the machine is $30, and may be had at 113 Third street, opposite St. Clair Hotel. Planer & Kaysers Noiseless Sewing Machines may be had at E. Axtheim's, 103 Third street, and are sold low.

SEASONABLE GIFTS.

By which we mean such as are suited to immediate use, are always in demand by the thoughtful. Now what more acceptable and seasonable gift could be made than a stylish fur cap, skating cap, a pair of fur gloves, hood nubia, or some such similar articles. A very complete and fashionable assortment of the foregoing enumerated articles can be purchased at the extensive and well-known establishment of R. H. Palmer, No. 84 Wood street, and 105 market street. The stock of Mr. Palmer is well worth examining, and parties in search of holiday gifts of substantial value should not fail to call.

LIGHT.

Having presented your friend with "helps to read," you may think it not amiss to aid in furnishing him or her with "light on the subject." Since the discovery of petroleum, nearly all things have been light, not excepting the pockets of the unwary, which are getting becoming too expensive, and the light from our cutaneous is sometimes uncertain. Even Solomon failed to foresee the brilliancy of the designers product as fairly exhibited from the *aurea imagnifa*. But the question is, how shall you and your friend in making light. A visit to the extensive oil and lamp store of Weldon & Kelly, No. 164 Wood street, near Sixth, will solve the question. Here may be found every variety of the latest styles of lamps, from the cheap tin up to the costly and fancy parlor lamp; the patent electric gas burner, by which you can strike a light without the use of friction matches; the new patent reflector lantern, whose merits will be fully understood when seen; Blinn's patent chimney cleaners and a variety of articles of the lamp line that will attract attention. Being the most extensive lamp dealers, perhaps, in the city Messrs. Weldon & Kelly have an elegant assortment form which to select a suitable holiday gift.

CARDS AND LETTER-HEADS

A present worth giving a lady friend, and for that matter, a gentleman friend, likewise, would be a pack of neat visiting cards, a handsomely printed letter-head, or some desirable printed article. In the art of printing, Pittsburgh stands confessedly in the front rank of the followers of Faust, Guttemburg and Schoeffer, and as neat, handsome and durable work is executed in this city as can be done in cities of more pretension and better facilities. To prove what we say call at either of the following establishments, and leave your order:—W. S. Haven's, Third and Wood; O'Neil & Anderson, Fifth above Smithfield; Otto Krebs, lithography, 17 and 19 Fifth street.

A SUIT OF CLOTHES,

If you wish to give a friend a fit from which he would not care to recover, would be an exceedingly acceptable present. The popular establishment of Lang & Co., St. Clair and Anderson, is the place to patronize for a fashionable suit of clothes.

THE TOILET

should not be forgotten in the hasty looking holiday presents, and in providing for that department, do not fail to call at either of the following named druggists, and purchase of their choice perfumeries and toilet articles:—Thos. Sauer, Penn and St. Clair; J. C. Mattero, Third and Smithfield; Joseph Fleming, Diamond and Market; P. McClarran & Co, Diamond and Market; J. L. Bender & Co., Liberty and Wayne; B. L. Fahnestock & Co., 78 Wood street, and Park & Brill, Federal street, Allegheny.

AN ACCEPTABLE GIFT

To a gentleman may be made by the ladies, if they feel inclined, of a meerschaum pipe or fancy cigar tube. A choice box of Havanas would be a clever gift. But, remember your friend in the armies and hospitals when presenting cigars. There is nothing more consoling to those in the habit of using the weed than a pipe or good tobacco or a fine cigar, and surely if such will relieve the pain and anxiety of suffering soldiers they should be sent. A fine assortment can be had at E. Holt's, 91 and 93 Market street, and 55 and 57 Third street; Fleming & Sturgeon's, No. 6 Federal street, Allegheny.

TRIMMINGS AND LACE GOODS.

Attractive holiday presents embrace embroideries, lace goods and trimmings, and there is nothing that would better please a lady friend than some article of those descriptions. Jas. Hoarne & Co., 77 and 79 Market street, and Miss Alice Mowry, 32 Fourth street, have received large and appropriate stocks of goods, from which suitable presents may be made.

YOUNG MEN'S MERCANTILE LIBRARY.

The attention of all persons seeking a suitable Christmas or New Years present is invited to the above institution, corner of Penn and Cherry streets. A ticket of membership in this association would be a very acceptable gift. The library and reading room is well supplied with newspapers, reviews, magazines, pictorials, and also with convenient tables and seats for readers, and is open daily from 8 A. M. to 10 P. M. The library comprises about five thousand volumes, representing nearly every department of literature. New works of interest are added as they issue from the press; and members desiring any work not on the shelves are requested to leave an order for the same at the library, as the purchases are made first of all from such applications.

SUNDRY SUITABLE GIFTS.

A gift of an insurance policy of some kind would not be amiss—either on your friends, property or, if not averse to it, on his or her life. A reference to the directory published will enable you to know where policies may be had.

A few shares of stock in some reliable oil company might prove a valuable present, and those advertised in the COMMERCIAL will be found to be as safe investments as any in the market.

If your molars should need repairing, or you wish to treat yourself to a useful and prime set of artificial teeth, call at G. W. Spencer's, 59 Penn street, or G. A. Scott, 2 Penn street.

Wines and liquors are considered by many appropriate to the holidays, and these may be had in their purity at J. Seiferth & Co.'s, 27 and 29 Market street, and R. Honegger's, 351 Liberty street.

A fine pair of skates for boys or girls, or a neat pair of spurs for a military friend are suitable presents for holidays. Day & Hayden, No. 58 Wood street, have the finest assortment of these articles ever brought into the city, as well as a superb lot of fine buffalo robes. Call and examine their fine stock of goods for holiday presents.

There is nothing more annoying than to be continually breaking lamp chimneys, as every housekeeper knows. They will, therefore, thank the inventor of Blake's Perpetual or Plate Lamp Chimney, an invention which is destined in a great measure to supersede the use of glass chimneys. Call at No. 3 St. Clair street, and examine it.

Manlift & Old, plumbers and glass fitters, have an assortment of articles in their line that would make very acceptable gifts.

The multiplicity of articles, and their variety, advertised for the holidays in the columns of the COMMERCIAL, forbid more than a brief mention of any of them, and want of space compels an omission of many worthy of notice. To those, however, intending to purchase holiday gifts, it is only necessary to suggest that they carefully peruse the advertising columns of to-day's issue, and they will not go estray by patronizing those whose establishments are named therein. In order to facilitate the reader, we suggest a perusal of the following directory of prominent and reliable business houses:

Artificial Limbs.
A. G. Neubert.....18 St. Clair st.
J. Reichenbach.....58 Fourth street.
C. Helmbold.....96 Smithfield st.

Auction Sales.
T. A. McClelland.....55 Fifth street.

Advertising Agents.
C. Mather.....Philadelphia.
Peaslee & Co.....New York.

Amusements.
W. Henderson.....The tre, Fifth street.
F. Alms.....Melodeon, Liberty street.

Banks.
First National Bank.....Wood, near Fifth st.
Exchange Bank.....Fifth st
Bank of Pittsburgh.....Fourth st
Allegheny Bank.....Fifth st
Merchants' and Manufacturers'.....Fourth st
Citizens' Bank...corner Wood and Diamond alley

Bankers.
N. Holmes & Sons.....57 Market street.

Brewers.
John Gangwisch.....Penn street.

Boots and Shoes.
S. Dalzell.....132 Smithfield St.

Book and Job Printers.
W. S. Haven.....Corner Third and Wood.
J. W. Kennedy.....78 Fifth st

Book Stationery and News Dealers.
J. W. Pittock.....78 Fifth st.
W. S. Haven.....corner Third and Wood sts.
John P. Hunt.....Masonic Hall, 59 Fifth st.
Davis, Clarke & Co.....63 Wood street.
Kay & Co.....55 Wood street.
Meyers, Scho, er & Co.....39 Fifth street.
W. L. Foster.....63 Fifth street.
W. & C. K. Herrick.....79 John st., New York.

Bakers.
S. S. Marvin.....64 Fourth street.

Boiler Makers.
Carroll & Snyder.....corner Second and Short sts.

Bill Poster.
James Thackrey.....160 Pennsylvania avenue.

Bolt and Nut Works.
Lewis, Oliver & Phillips...cor. Market & Water sts.
Hubley, Adams & Co.....73 Water street.

Brass Works.
Mansfield & Fitzsimmons.18 Second near Short st.
Cadman & Crawford.....cor. Duquesne Way and St. Clair Streets

Brass Founders.
F. C. Jenkins.....239 Liberty street

Commission Merchants.
C. R. King.....211 Liberty st.
Charles L. Baisley.....No. 179 Liberty street.

Cotton Manufacturers.
Park, Painter & Co.....149 First and 122 Second street.
King & Peacock.....99 Wood street.

Carpets.
McFarland & Collins.....71 and 73 Fifth st.
O. McClintock & Co.....24 Fifth street.

Cloaks and Mantillas.
Pittsburgh Cloak and Mantilla Store.....72 Market st.

Coal Dealers.
Meskimen & Norton.....Allegheny

Carriage Manufacturers.
Cornwell & Kerr.....5 St. Clair street.

Cutlery.
James Brown.....126 Wood street.

Dry Goods.
Hamilton & Co.....59 Market st.
J. M. Birchfield.....corner Market and Fourth st.
Joseph Horne.....77 and 79 Market st.
Garland & Schleiter.....92 Market st.
E. R. Gardner.....96 Market st.
White, Orr & Co.....25 Fifth st.
Wilson, Carr & Co.....64 Wood st.

Druggists.
Joseph Fleming...corner Diamond and Market st.
Chas. H. Kuper.....corner Penn and St. Clair sts.
J. J. Bender & Co.....corner Wayne and Liberty.
R. L. Fahnestock & Co.6 & 78 Wood & 91 Fourth st.
Park & Brill.....Federal street, Allegheny.
J. C. Mattero.....cor. Smithfield and 4th sts.
N. McClarran & Co.....80 Market street.

Dentists.
G. W. Spencer.....250 Penn st.
Quincy Scott.....278 Penn st.

Foundries.
Charles Knap.....cor. Etna and Pike street.
Wm. G. Price, cor. Pennsylvania ave. and Price st.
Patterson, Erbe & Co., Grovers reet, Birmingham.
Cadman & Crawford.....cor. Duquesne Way and St. Clair street.
A. Bradley & Vankirk.....cor. Wood and Fifth sts.

Fire Brick.
Jacob O. Price.....Pulaski, Pa.

Freight Agents.
Clark & Co.....cor. Liberty and Water streets

Groceries.
Wm. Bagaley.....718 and 20 Wood street.
G. R. Jones & Son.....191 Water street.
J. S. Dilworth & Co.....130 and 132 Second st.
Miller & Ricketson.....221 Liberty street.
Cook, Pettit & Co...corner Smithfield and First sts.
T. C. Jenkins.....239 Liberty street.

Gas Fitters.
Weldon & Kelly.....cor. Sixth and Wood street.
Maffett & Ould.....127 First st.

Glass Manufacturers.
C. Ihmsen & Son.....133 First street.

Hatters.
Wm. Fleming.....139 Wood st.

Hardware.
Whitmore, Weld, Duff & Co.....50 Wood st.

House and Sign Painters.
Brown, Morrow & Co.....91 Third street.
W. A. Lyons.....27 Fifth street.
Barry & Brother.....394 cor. 7th and Liberty sts.

Hotels.
National.....McKeesport
Belvidere.....Sharpsburg

Iron Manufacturers.
Lyon, Shorb & Co.....121 Water st.
Siang Chaffant & Co.....81 and 83 Water st.
Jones & Laughlin.....121 Water st.
Graff, Bennett & Co.....97 Water st.
Lloyd & Black.....58 Water st.

Insurance Offices.
H. L. Ringwalt, Life Ins. Co.....67 Fourth street.
Allegheny Insurance Co.....Fifth st.
Citizens' Ins. Co.....corner Market and Water sts.
Peoples' Insurance Co.corner Wood and Fifth sts.
Delaware Mutual Insurance Co.....Fifth st.
Mutual Life Insurance Co.....37 Fifth st.

Intelligence.
J. D. Egan.....Sixth street.

Iron Foundry.
Smith, Park & Co.....149 First st.
Joseph Pennock.....141 Wood st

Jewelers.
Dunseath & Co.....56 Fifth street.
John M. Roberts.....16 Fifth street.

Lawyers.
J. McMaster & Gazzam.....98 Grant street.
H. C. Mackrell.....Grant near Fifth street.
Hampton & Moreland.....86 Diamond street.
W. A. Stone, Patterson.....140 Fourth st.
E. S. Morrow.....114 Fifth street

Lithographers.
Krebs & Ero.....Corner Fifth and Wood

Merchant Tailors.
John S. Lee.....No. 49 St. Clair st.

Musical Instruments.
Wamelink & Barr.....12 St. Clair street.
J. M. Hoffman.....52 Fifth street.
Kleber & Bro.....122 Wood street.
H. Kleber & Bro.....122 Wood st.

Medicines.
Dr. Speer.....Patterson, N. J.
Hutchings & Hillyer.....New York

Machinists.
Foster & Co.....cor. Penn and Stanwix streets.
Dewerlitz, Kirmse & Co.....139 Third street.

Machinery.
S. S. Fowler & Co.....39 Water st.

Metal Broker.
S. M. Wickersham.....124 First st.
John Moorhead.....74 Water st.

Manufacturers of Shovels and Spades.
Lippincott & Co.....119 Water st.

Notions.
M. Foerster & Schwartz.....Smithfield st.
T. T. Myler & Co.....Corner Fourth and Wood

Nursery.
John Murdock, jr.....Oakland

Oil Dealers.
Ardesco Oil Company.....27 Irwin st.
Richardson, Harley & Co.....34 Irwin st.
Brewer, Burke & Co.cor Duquesne Way & Hancock st.
Wightman & Anderson.....92 Third st.
Cochran & Russell.....Philadelphia.
North American Oil Company.....80 Third st.
J. C. Hilton.....48 Hand street.
Rider & Clark.....98 Water and 132 Front st., Pittsburgh; 61 Broad st., New York.

Opticians.
G. E. Shaw.....54 Fifth st.

Physicians.
James King.....No. 97 Fourth street.

Photographs.
W. J. Purviance.....cor. Market & Fifth streets.
B. L. H. Dabb.....48 St. Clair street.

Real Estate and Stock Brokers.
S. S. Bryan.....9 Fourth st.
B. McClain & Co.....102 Fourth street.
F. Torrence.....139 Penn st
G. S. Bates.....Butler street, Lawrenceville.

Railroads.
Connellsville R. R. Depot.....cor. Ross & Water street.
Ft. Wayne & Chicago Depot.....cor. Liberty & Grant sts.
Pennsylvania R. Co.....cor. Liberty and Grant sts.
Northern Central.....cor. Liberty and Grant streets.
Philadelphia and Erie.....Penna. R. R. Depot.

Restaurants.
Ell Young.....129 and 131 Smithfield street.
James S. Williams.....Fifth street.
E. Redmond.....37 Smithfield st.
Rueckeisen.....47 Fifth st.
J. R. Lanahan.....Penn street.

Saw Manufacturers.
Singer, Nimick & Co.....83 Water st.
Jones, Boyd & Co.....corner First and Ross st.
Hussey, Wells & Co.....51 First st.
Hussey, Wells & Co.....37 Fifth street.

Straw Goods.
R. H. Palmer.....84 Wood st.

Sewing Machine Agents.
Wm. Sumner & Co.....27 Fifth st.
E. Axtheim.....Corner Wood and Third st.

Tin-Ware.
Barndollar & Price.....Wood st.

Tannery.
Chas. Kelfer.....58 Wood st

Tobacconists.
E. Megraw.....31 St. Clair st
E. Pichi.....
R. & W. Jenkinson.....8 Federal st., Allegheny

Upholsterers.
E. Edmonson & Co.....93and 98 Third street

Vitrol Manufactory.
James Irvin.....Lawrenceville.

Vinegar Manufactory.
Redenbach & Sons.....Ohio street, Allegheny.

Wines and Liquors.
J. Seiferth & Co.....27 and 29 Market st.
R. Honegger.....351 Liberty st.

Wall Paper.
Joseph R. Hughes.....167 Market st.

Wagon and Farm Implements.
C. Coleman.....Allegheny

DIED:

BONNER—On Saturday, Dec. 17th, of typhoid fever at Fort Ethen Allen, Orderly Sergt. THOS. B. BONNER, of Co. B, 6th heavy artillery regt., Col. Barnes

Funeral will take place on Thursday, Sept. 22d, at 2 o'clock, from the residence of his brother-in-law James McLaughlin, Simpson's Row, Rebecca street, Allegheny. 2t

CALIFORNIA WINES AND BRANDY.

These wines are the pure product of the grape, and possess a delicacy of flavor and a richness of taste unequalled by any foreign article in the American market. "Port"—a mild and gentle astringent: "Angelica"—a gentle stimulant of highly nutritive character in cases of debility or exhaustion, and can be received by the most delicate and irritable stomach: "Hock"—will be found a pleasant wine for table use, very dry, and an established tonic and promotive of an appetite: "Muscadet"—similar to the famous "Hungarian Tokay" unrivalled for parties or ladies' use generally, "Grape Brandy" —the pure distillation of the grape. For sale by

N. McCLARRAN & CO., Depot, 85 Market street, cor Diamond, near Fifth street. de6

MAFFETT & OLD,

Manufacturers of LIGHT ARTESIAN OIL WELL TUBE, with brass joints, unsurpassed for lightness and durability. Always on hand Gas Pipe, punched out and ready for use in Oil Wells, Pump Chambers, made of seamless brass or copper tube, fitted with superior valves. Also, Sand Pumps, Stuffing Boxes, Tongs, Clamps, Tools, and Fittings generally. Sole Agents for Thomas's celebrated patent Oil pump valve. Orders respectfully solicited. Post Office Box 112. No 127 First street, between Wood and Market sts., Pittsburgh. de22-1y

HOLIDAY GIFTS.

JOHN PORTER,

91 Market street,

Invites the attention of buyers to his large and choice stock at

REDUCED PRICES.

ELEGANT PLAID LONG SHAWLS.
CLOTH CLOAKS.
FANCY SILKS.
BLACK SILKS.
PLAIN AND PLAID POPLINS.
FRENCH MERINOS.
DRESS GOODS.
LACE GOODS.
FRENCH EMBROIDERIES.
LINEN CAMBRIC HDKFS.
FRENCH CHINTZES.
CALICOS AND GINGHAMS.
GLOVES, HOSIERY, &c.

JOHN PORTER,

91 Market street, near Fifth. de22-3d

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

ORPHANS' FAIR,

OPEN EVERY NIGHT, AT

CONCERT HALL, FIFTH STREET.

ADMISSION, 25 CENTS.

d-22-1f

WANTED—

A new or second-

The Daily Commercial

COMMERCIAL ADVERTISING TERMS.

Advertisements will be inserted in THE COMMERCIAL at the following rates, from which there will be no variation:

10 Lines, or 6-8 Inch, One Square.	Daily.	3 Times a Week.	Twice a Week.	One Time a Week.	Weekly.
One time	75				
Two times	1 25				
Three times	1 65				
Four times	2 00				
Five times	2 25				
One week	2 50	1 70	1 25	85	75
Seven times	2 80	1 90	1 40	95	
Eight times	3 10	2 10	1 55	1 05	
Nine times	3 45	2 30	1 70	1 15	
Ten times	3 70	2 50	1 85	1 25	
Seven times	4 05	2 70	2 00	1 35	
Two weeks	4 85	3 20	2 20	1 45	1 40
Three weeks	6 00	4 00	2 90	2 00	2 00
One month	7 20	5 00	3 75	2 50	2 50
Two months	11 25	7 50	5 65	3 75	4 75
Three months	15 75	9 15	6 85	4 55	6 75
Six months	26 75	13 85	10 40	6 90	12 00
Nine months	37 50	18 50	13 90	9 00	16 50
One year	46 00	21 25	15 00	10 70	20 00

CHANGEABLE ADVERTISEMENTS.—For one square, changeable one time each week, confined to the immediate business of the advertiser. All larger advertisements in exact proportion.

	Daily.	3 Times a week.	Twice a week.	Once a week.
One month	9 35	6 00	4 70	3 00
Three months	17 00	11 45	8 50	6 00
Six months	29 00	19 00	15 75	10 50
One year	40 00	28 00	24 50	14 00

☞ *Business or Local Notices, under head of* "CITY ITEMS," TWENTY CTS. *per line, each insertion.*

Special Notices, TEN CTS. per line, each insertion.

Death Notices, each insertion.....50 cents.

Marriage Notices, ...75 "

Wendell Phillips on the Next National Step.

In his lecture at the Academy of Music in Philadelphia, on Saturday evening, Wendell Phillips said:

"Of course I look upon the 8th of November, as every American does, as a new starting point—as something that launches us all on a new career. And, to a certain extent, so far as common sense allows, we are to let bygones be bygones, and cherish only the great principles involved and triumphant in that canvass. I rejoice in it especially because I think it left after it ceased neither Conservative nor Abolitionist, neither Republican nor Democrat, but only Americans, all of us purposing one result, that is, the triumph and perpetuity of the nation—nothing else, nothing less, nothing more.

Richard Cobden, John Bright, Stewart Mills, Goldwin Smith, on the other side of the Channel, Gasparin and the best men on the continent, are on our side, actuated by motives of humanity, kindness and sympathy. But how are we treated? Why, like children of a dozen years old; not like a nation of twenty-one and free. They say in all their letters, in all their series of letters, instead of like statesmen at a distance defining the great principles that underlie success—like pupils they go in to details, pat us on the back gently, and say, "Good boys; vote for Lincoln." Suppose Bonaparte dead to-morrow. Victoria in confusion, and William H. Seward should write a letter to London or Paris, defining to the Frenchman and the Briton how to act in that contingency. Why, he would be politely bowed out of the door, and told to mind his business. The self-conceit of any statesman four thousand miles off, endeavoring to put his hand into the machinery of a Government and to dictate the principles of its policy, needs language to describe it, and only an Englishman to exemplify it.

There is a fiercer battle going on in the Confederacy than Sherman is waging at Savannah, or Grant at Petersburg, and that is a battle betwixt Georgia and Davis, betwixt Governor Brown and Vice-President Stephens and President Davis. It is a plot to unseat Davis from his saddle. Now that plot is a division of sentiment in this wise: Brown and Stephens are men who have fought this battle bravely, and you may say, granting their idea, nobly; but they are willing to acknowledge failure, to make a bargain to come back into the United States Senate. They are willing to acknowledge American supremacy and take their places as citizens. Behind them is a set of men less worthy and less honorable, sure that unless some such bargain is made they must skedaddle from this continent and eat dirty bread in some Italian town as they deserve. That is one party. Another is Davis and Robert E. Lee, men who are playing no such game, men whose lives have been devoted to one purpose, men who are playing for emptier or a grander stake. They say no seat in the United States Senate, and wants no exile in Italy. He wants no finger pointed at him in Europe as a discomfited rebel. Davis and Lee have surrendered home, family, wealth, everything for their idea. Davis wants an empire on this continent, or six feet by two. Lee wants the same. Such men will clear the South like the palm of my hand before they submit. Give the blacks freedom! Why Davis would give every black man a patient of nobility before he would make peace with "theYankees." Like Napoleon, he knows that once successful, he can make that empire to suit himself, and therefore, race, wealth, institutions, slaves, and property, must fill the gulf to make a pathway to success. He manages his government as if it were an army, he offers no bargain; and if he succeeds in keeping the saddle, you will, every one of you, be glad to extend the suffrage to the negro.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

☞ EXHIBITION OF UNIVERSALIST SUNDAY SCHOOL.—An Exhibition of the Sunday School connected with the Universalist Church will be held in NEVILLE HALL on WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY EVENINGS, December 21st and 22d. Exercises will consist of Declamation, Colloquies, Recitations, Tableaux and Singing, with a change of programme for each evening.

Admission 25 cents.
Children ..... 15 cents.
Doors open at 7, and Exercises commence at 7½ o'clock. de17-3t

☞ STEWART ROBERTSON, of the Third Ward, will be a candidate for Mayor of Allegheny city, subject to the decision of the Union Convention. de19

☞ FRANCIS TORRANCE, NOTARY PUBLIC AND COMMISSIONER for the States of Ohio, Indiana, Minnesota, Missouri and Massachusetts, appointed and commissioned by the several Governors thereof to take Depositions, Acknowledgements of Deeds, &c., to be used or recorded therein. Office, No. 189 Penn Street, Pittsburgh, Pa. aug13dem

☞ FOR NEARLY A QUARTER OF a century Matthews' Venetian Hair Dye has been extensively used, and in no case has it failed to give entire satisfaction.

The VENETIAN DYE is the best and cheapest in the world. Its price is only Fifty Cents, and each bottle contains double the quantity of dye in those usually sold for $1.

THIS HAIR DYE is manufactured by a peculiar process which renders it immeasurably superior to anything in the shape of a dye now or ever before the people. Being complete in one bottle, no preparation is required, which greatly simplifies the application.

IN USING THIS DYE, you avoid that DIRTY appearance by which dyed hair and whiskers are so readily recognized, when an inferior article has been used; besides, it produces a perfectly natural color which may be desired—one that will not fade, crock or wash out—one that is as permanent as the hair itself. For sale by Druggists. Price 75 cents.

A. T. STEWS, General Agent.
12 Gold street, New York.

Also, Manufacturer of MATTHEWS' ARNICA HAIR GLOSS, the best hair dressing in use. In large bottles; price 50 cents. oc29-1y

COUGHS! COUGHS!!

TRY STRICKLAND'S

MELLIFLUOUS COUGH BALSAM

DR. ST STRICKLAND'S MELLIFLUOUS COUGH BALSAM is warranted to cure Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Asthma, Whooping Cough, Sore Throat, Consumption, and all affections of the Throat and Lungs.

DIARRHŒA.

All the medical men and the press recommend DR. STRICKLAND'S ANTI-CHOLERA MIXTURE as the only certain remedy for Diarrhœa and Dysentery. It is a combination of Astringents, Absorbents, Stimulants, and Carminatives, and is warranted to effect a cure after all other means have failed.

PILE REMEDY.

DR. STRICKLAND'S PILE REMEDY has cured thousands of the worst cases of Blind and Bleeding Piles. It gives immediate relief, and effects a permanent cure. Try it directly. It is warranted to cure.

TONIC.

We can recommend those suffering with loss of Appetite, Indigestion or Dyspepsia, Nervousness and Nervous Debility, to use Strickland's Tonic. It is a vegetable preparation, free from alcoholic liquors: it strengthens the whole nervous system; it creates a good appetite, and is warranted to cure Dyspepsia and Nervous Debility.

For sale by Druggists generally, and by

PARK & BRILL,

Wholesale Agents, No. 77 Federal St.

ALLEGHENY CITY.

And by

R. E. SELLERS & CO.,
Wholesale agents for Pittsburgh, Pa.,
Corner Wood and Second street.

Prepared by Dr A. Strickland, 6 East Fourth St., Cincinnati, Ohio. nov-1y

BURT'S

Rat, Roach and Bed Bug Destroyer.

This most valuable and popular article for destroying Vermin never fails to give satisfaction.

E. BURT, Jr., Proprietor,
No. 12 North Eleventh street, Philadelphia.

R. E. SELLERS & CO., Wholesale agents for Pittsburgh and vicinity. Sold by all Druggists and dealers in Pittsburgh and Allegheny city. oct4-3m

W. & C. E. HERRICK,

IMPORTERS OF

STATIONERY,

Fancy Goods, Druggists' Articles, and French Perfumery.

DEALERS IN

Ivory, Raw Horn, Buffalo, and Rubber Combs,

Tooth, Nail and Hair Brushes.

A full assortment of FINE ENGLISH CUTLERY constantly on hand.

STATIONERS' WAREHOUSE,

No. 75 John street, New York.

sep1-1y

CHARLES MAGARGE & CO.,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

PAPER, RAGS, &c.,

No. 30, 32 and 34 South Sixth street, above Chestnut, West side,

de13-1y PHILADELPHIA, PA.

DENTISTRY.

ETHER CHLOROFORM NITROUS OXIDE GAS

IN SURGICAL OPERATIONS.

The use of Chloroform and of Nitrous Oxide, or laughing gas, is in all cases attended with danger but the use of ether, under the observance of certain rules, is absolutely safe, if an opinion founded on 15 or 18 years of close observation and experience, in practice embracing many thousand cases, can confer a right to judge. Persons are daily, and almost hourly, receiving the benefit of this observation and experience, in operations, which in a natural condition would be almost unendurable, but which, by the use of ether, are rendered quite pleasant, and yet there are doubters. Let all such call at 278 Penn street, and they shall be convinced. They will also have an opportunity to see those very beautiful Vulcanite Sets of Gum Teeth, at from $12 to $15, far superior to many made elsewhere at $18 to $25. Gold and Silver Sets at proportionate rates. Satisfaction guaranteed in every case.

QUINCY A. SCOTT, Dentist,

278 PENN STREET.

AMUSEMENTS.

PITTSBURGH THEATRE,

FIFTH STREET, NEAR WOOD,
LESSEE AND MANAGER.....WM. HENDERSON.

THURSDAY EVENING, December 22, the new and original Domestic Drama, in four acts, of intense interest, sensational character and startling incidents, acted in London one hundred nights, and in all the principal cities of the Union, entitled

WAITING FOR THE VERDICT,

OR THE

DARK DEED IN THE WOODS.

Jonathan Roseblade.....William Henderson,
Martha Roseblade.....Annie Eberle.

The Entire Company will appear.

The village of Wilverstoke—Seizure of the Prisoner—The Trial by night—Waiting for the Verdict.

In active preparation, the comic pantomime entitled "The House that Jack Built."

Monday Afternoon at 2 o'clock, "Uncle Tom's Cabin."

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Late Atheneum—Liberty street.

First appearance of

Miss HELENE SMITH
Premiere Danseuse, and
HARRY BLOODGOOD,
Ethiopian Comedian.

Continued success of

JOHNNY MACK and LITTLE MACK!

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COMMENCING THURSDAY, DEC. 22D.

GRAND MATINEE on Wednesday and Saturday Afternoons at 2 o'clock, when children will be admitted for Ten Cents each.

THE NATIONAL COMBINATION

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The Largest, Best, and Only Complete Organization of the Kind in Existence.

The following compose a portion of the leading talent:

The SNOW BROTHERS, (William and Benjamin) and

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Miss JESSIE ROBINSON, the Exquisite Danseuse.

Mr. SIMON SLOAN, the Great Yankee Comedian.

Mr. HARRY BRYANT, the Wonderful Ventriloquist, Inimitable Imitator and Comic Pantomimist. The Florid Jaw Trompe, eight in number, as the Kremlin Marabouts, or the Wild Nomads of the Desert. The Automaton Black Rope Vaulter, the Marvel of the 19th Century. A superb troupe of Performing Dogs and Monkeys, whose wonderful performances exceed in interest and novelty anything of the kind ever seen in this city. A splendid stud of 8 Ponies, with silver mounted harness and trappings, drawing an elegant Miniature Chariot, will be driven through the principal streets on the days of exhibition.

A roaring farce will be given at each entertainment. Also a comic trick pantomime, written expressly for his establishment, produced with elegant scenery, beautiful costumes, superb appointments, tricks, transformations, presented in a style heretofore unequaled, except by the far famed Rave Troupe.

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PITTSBURGH, December 19th, 1864.

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in sums of $50, $100, $500, and $1,000. The following extracts from Official Circular Letter of the Hon. W. P. FESSENDEN, Secretary of the Treasury, will show to the public the desire of the Government for all to subscribe to this

Patriotic Loan.

"TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
"December 13th, 1864.

"SIR: Desiring to avoid any further issue of Bonds, the interest of which is payable in Coin, or any further increase of Paper Circulation, I ask your special attention to the Seven and Three-tenth Notes now offered to the Public. It is believed that these notes present advantages which SHOULD RECOMMEND THEM TO ALL WHO HAVE MONEY TO INVEST. The interest offered is, at present rates of other Government Securities, such as to render them attractive, and THEIR CONVERTIBILITY INTO GOLD BEARING BONDS GIVES THEM AN ADDITIONAL VALUE. It is only necessary that people should understand the advantages afforded by this class of Securities to insure sales in sufficient daily amounts to meet the current demands upon the Treasury, &c., &c.'

[Signed] "W. P. FESSENDEN,
"Secretary of the Treasury.

"To JAMES O'CONNOR, Esq., President Fourth National Bank, Pittsburgh, Pa."

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JAMES O'CONNOR, President.

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ROBBINS'

HERMETICAL BARREL.

VALENTINE'S FREIGHT EXPRESS AND THROUGH TICKET OFFICE,
163 Broadway, cor. Dey st., (Oil Depot, Jersey City,)
NEW YORK, November 26, 1864.

A. A. TAYLOR, *Actuary*,

158 Broadway.

We have received at our Yard at Penhorn City, New Jersey, an invoice of Refined Petroleum from Titusville, Pa., one of the Barrels having the Brand of the "Hermetical Barrel Co., Robbin's Patent." A careful examination of this cask shows it to be in perfect order, no evaporation or leakage, and the wood as dry as before it was filled. The other barrels of the invoice were in fair order, but had leaked or evaporated about two gallons each. We cheerfully recommend the Hermetical Barrel to Refiners and Shippers of Petroleum.

TREMBLEY, PHELPS & CO.

NEW YORK, October 28th, 1864.

A. A. TAYLOR, *Actuary*,

153 Broadway.

We received at our Depot, Jersey City, on the 12th of October last, an envoice of Petroleum from Titusville, Penn'a., of which were four barrels having the brand of the "HERMETICAL BARREL COMPANY ROBBINS' PATENT." A careful examination of these barrels shows them to be in perfect order. No evaporation or leakage. The outside of the wood of the barrels are as dry as before they were filled. We understand the above shipment was three weeks on the road, and was transhipped three times, since they have been at our Depot. They have been subject to considerable rough treatment and exposure to sun and rain. A few days ago they were gauged and found to contain all the Oil that was originally put in them. The loss of Petroleum from leakage and evaporation between here and Oil Creek amounts to from five to twenty per cent. We have no doubt the ROBBINS HERMETICAL BARREL would save this entire loss, as well as all losses of Petroleum when on storage.

E. H. VALENTINE,
Superintendent.

We will be prepared in a short time to furnish to Refiners, Barrel Manufacturers and Dealers in Crude Oil, Samples of Barrels prepared by ROBBINS' process, which will demonstrate to all interested that this Barrel is all that is claimed for it, A HERMETICAL BARREL, that it will hold Crude Oil, Refined Oil, Naptha, Spirits of Turpentine, &c., without leakage or evaporation for months, and without injury in the slightest degree. The process of preparing Barrels by ROBBINS' method is very simple and cheaper than most other processes in use, and is effectual. Applications for Licenses for using the above process through LIPPINCOTT, FRY & CO. For further particulars see pamphlets, which can be had at our office.

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OIL AND COAL LANDS.

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W. H. BAILY, Uniontown, Pa.

de19-6t

COAL LAND FOR SALE.

The Administrators of Col. ROBERT TEENAN deceased, will offer at public auction, on the premises, at one o'clock p. m., on the 23d of December, 1864, the Home Farm, situate on the Pittsburgh & Steubenville Railroad, adjoining the village of Burgettstown containing about 400 acres. The farm is highly improved, is well watered, very fertile, and abounds in coal and limestone. The Railroad Station is within three minutes walk of the Mansion House. The surface and coal will be sold together, or as a whole.

GEORGE M. TEENAN,
JAS. MURRAY CLARK,
CANNON, Pa., Dec. 10, 1864. Administrators.

de10-12t

HOUSE AND LOT

FOR SALE,

Situated in the 8th Ward of the city. The lot fronts 20 feet on Pennsylvania Avenue and extends back 120 feet to a 20 feet alley. The building is 2½ stories, press brick front, with an iron verandah, 8 rooms, hall, &c., situated opposite Saml. M'Cutcheon, Esq., is offered at the low price of $2,900. Apply to

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Several offices and rooms, suitable for club rooms. Also stores and one well lighted hall. Possession of some of the premises immediately, and of others on the first of next April.

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FOR SALE,

In the borough of Manchester. Two new and modern built two story brick dwellings, fronting on Preble street, near Locust; said houses each contain six rooms and a hall, and are built with a view to comfort and convenience, and about one square from Street Car Railway. For particulars apply to S. S. D. THOMPSON, No. 114 Fifth street, or JAMES MILLER, near the premises. no24-1m

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TWO ANVIL BLOCKS,

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au12-tf

FARM FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE

A FARM of 100 acres, 50 under cultivation, balance good timber land, situated on White river, Knox county, Indiana, 7 miles from Dicker Station, on the Evansville and Crawfordsville Railroad. The place is under good fence, and well watered; there is also 50 bushels of wheat; corn and hay on the farm, which will go to the purchaser. The improvements are a good log house of four rooms, with the necessary out buildings for fixing, corn, &c. For terms, apply to the Real Estate and Insurance office of

G. S. BATES,
Butler street, Lawrenceville.

oc29

VALUABLE COAL LANDS FOR SALE.

The Ramsey Farm having been withdrawn from the market is now offered for sale, said land consisting of eighty-three acres, more or less, is about three miles from Jones' Ferry, underlaid with coal of the best quality. The land is well timbered, in good condition, consisting of dwelling house, barn, granery, and two fine fruit bearing orchards of various kinds, hence good order, and all under the best state of cultivation. The Washington Turnpike runs through the farm.

For terms apply to

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No. 2 Wood street.
ROBERT RAMSAY,
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oc21-1f

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situated on the Monongahela river, above the first ferry, having a front on said river of 227 feet, and extending back to Braddock street, adjoining the Connellsville railroad, containing four acres and 7 perches. This is an admirable location for manufacturing purposes, having a deep river in front, and public street and railroad in the rear, and Saw-mill and buildings thereon erected. Will be sold in whole or divided to suit purchasers. For terms, &c., apply to

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W. G. AUGHINBAUGH,
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A RARE CHANCE FOR INVESTMENT.

For sale, that beautiful Homestead of the late Col. MORGAN ROBERTSON, of Pittsburgh, containing 187 acres, a large portion rich river bottom, with about 30 acres containing the best Youghiogheny Coal, and some 30 acres of fine Hickory and Timbered, the balance under cultivation. The improvements in part consist of a good BRICK MANSION HOUSE, a large Barn, and Out-Houses, a never failing Well, an Orchard of the best varieties of Fruit Trees now in bearing; also, two Banks Leading and Shipping Coal, for building all kinds of Water Craft, for the most convenient and profitable disposition of the Timber, and other products of the land. The whole is offered for sale on most advantageous terms.

For particulars apply to

JOSEPH DILWORTH, Esq.,
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THOS. J. KEENAN, Esq.,
Attorney at Law, Pittsburgh.

my19-tf

FIFTY THREE ACRES OF COAL AND FARMING LAND.

I am authorized to sell a tract of 53 acres, about 2½ miles from the Monongahela at the six mile Ferry. It is easily accessible by the valley of Streets Run, and a good Railroad is now made to within a short distance. The whole of it is underlaid with a

A THICK VEIN OF COAL!

cropping out on Weier's Run, a tributary of Streets Run.

The surface is good soil, highly impregnated with limestone. Improvements,

A GOOD LOG AND FRAME HOUSE,

a frame barn, excellent spring house, and other

OUT BUILDINGS.

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CAPITAL STOCK.....$80,000,

WORKING CAPITAL.....$20,000.

SHARES.....$1,00 EACH.

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THE PROPERTIES of the Company consist viz.:

1st. The HOPE WELL, down 800 feet in the immediate vicinity of large producing wells, the heart of the Venango oil region, three miles and a half below Franklin, a short distance below the celebrated Hoover & Plumer Well, which has been flowing fifty barrels per day for several years, and a short distance below a seventy barrel well, struck on Friday, Dec. 16th, at 800 feet, in process of boring. For terms, apply to the Real Estate and Insurance office of

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Butler street, Lawrenceville.

2d. A LEASE of the NIST FARM, situated in Decatur township, Washington county, Ohio, consisting of NINETY ACRES, two miles from the line of the Marietta & Cincinnati Railroad, and four miles from the Ohio River, between the Hocking Creek and Laurel River, and in the vicinity of producing wells. This property is principally bottom land, with excellent surface indications of oil, and immediately across the Ohio River from the best oil land of Virginia.

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OF SUFFICIENT POWER T

Bore Two Holes at the Same Time.

Which will be shipped to the ground after the organization of the Company, and operations commenced immediately, under the supervision and direction of a careful and practical mechanic, whose experience cannot fail to be of great value in prosecuting the work.

This Company offers superior inducements, and cannot fail to attract the attention of capitalists.

The proportion of capital set apart for prosecuting the work and developing the Territory is thought to be ample, and cannot fail to produce the most successful results.

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MUSKINGUM & DUCK CREEK OIL COMPANY.

CAPITAL - - - - $150,000.

Working Fund, $50,000.

PAR VALUE OF SHARES ONE DOLLAR.

The above Company, to be organized under the manufacturing laws of Pennsylvania, with a capital stock of $150,000, $80,000 of which is to be reserved as a developing fund. Its property consists of eighty acres in fee simple, on Duck creek, Ohio, in the heart of the well developed oil territory, and near the famous Duck Creek Oil Company's tract, the shares of which are now worth from $25 to $30, and only $4 20 paid in. The Acme Oil Company's territory is also quite near. The stock of this latter Company is held at a very high price—from $35 to $38 with a very small amount paid in. The celebrated "Dutton well" is in the neighborhood. This well has flowed and pumped more oil than any other well in the country.

The Duck creek oil regions are regarded as fast outrivaling the Pennsylvania Oil creek and its tributaries, and the quality of the oil from the former ranks about double the value of the latter. It will, therefore, be seen that the selection made by the Muskingum and Duck Creek Company is at such a point that it is almost as certain to strike a vein of oil as it is to obtain water in sinking a well. Besides, there is an abundance of timber suitable for derricks, etc.

The Company intend to proceed at once to the development of its land by the use of the best machinery and pumps that can be obtained. The sinking of two wells will be commenced immediately, which will be sunk to the lowest oil stratum, and five or six shallow wells will be completed in a very short time, which alone will produce from five to ten barrels each per day. The large capital set apart for developing insures the most ample means for prosecuting the work with the utmost vigor, and should the large sum set apart for working capital be more than is needed, the overplus, as soon as enough oil is obtained for working expenses, will be divided among the stockholders with their first dividend.

Due notice will be given when the Books of Subscription will be open, and where parties can subscribe for the stock. de10-12t

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Iron City,	Pitts. & Oil Creek Petrona,
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Allegheny River,	Cherry Run & Blood Farm,
Blood Farm & Ohio,	Fleming & Blood,
Cherry Run & Pittsburgh,	Allegheny & Pittsburgh,
Oil Basin,	Cubbertson Run,
Tayette,	Dalzell,
Rynd Farm,	Ohio Valley,
West Virginia,	West Virginia,
El Dorado,	North America,
Banner,	Cherry Run and Pitt Hole.

de19

PITTSBURGH, December 15, 1864.

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE

That the First Meeting of the Corporation to be called "THE FRANKLIN & SANDY COAL & OIL COMPANY" will be held on THURSDAY, January 5th, 1865, at the Office of W. BAGALEY, No. 13 Wood street, in the City of Pittsburgh, at 3 o'clock, P. M., for the purpose of organization and adoption of By Laws, Election of Officers, &c., and for the purposes authorized, and more particularly specified in an Act of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled "An Act Relating to Corporations for Mechanical, Manufacturing, Mining and Quarrying Purposes," approved the eighteenth day of July, A. D., 1863.

J. S. BLACK,
de16-3w Secretary.

J. C. TILTON,

31 Fifth street,

DEALER IN

DUCK CREEK OIL LANDS.

312 acres now for sale. oc

OIL COMPANIES,

WOLFE CREEK OIL COMPANY

OF PITTSBURGH.

CAPITAL STOCK, $150,000.

WORKING FUND, $30,000.

150,000 SHARES AT $1.00 EACH.

THIS COMPANY has been organized by a number of respectable citizens of Pittsburgh, for the purchase and working of a CAREFULLY SELECTED TRACT OF OIL TERRITORY, consisting of

124½ ACRES IN FEE,

IN THE

DEVELOPED OIL REGIONS

OF

MORGAN COUNTY, O.,

SITUATE ON

WOLFE CREEK,

Four and a half miles from the Muskingum River.

ALSO, A LEASE OF

ONE HUNDRED ACRES

on a branch of the same Creek, six miles from the river. There is an unusually large proportion of this land suitable for Oil Well sites. THREE WELLS were sunk on it in 1861, YIELDING A CONSIDERABLE AMOUNT OF OIL BY HAND AND HORSE POWER.

Although the former owner of the farm and experienced oil well operators, who are acquainted with the property, pronounce these wells rich in oil, and that they would yield

25 OR 30 BARRELS PER DAY,

If worked by steam power, no greater value is attached to them in this prospectus, other than POSITIVE PROOF OF THE FARM BEING OIL TERRITORY.

TWENTY ACRES OF THE FARM

HAVE BEEN LE

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N. HOLMES, Pres. | J. HANNA, V. Pres.
S. S. BRYAN, Secretary.

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Allegheny County Bounty 6s	.....	98 00
Connelsville 6s	88 00	.....
Monongahela Insurance	.....	45 00
Allegheny Valley	.....	12
Pittsburgh and Steubenville	9 50	.....
Mechanics	.....	80 00
Iron City Bank	.....	85 00
Merchants' & Manufacturers'	.....	80 00
Allegheny Bank	67 75	.....
Dalzell	.....	9 50
Columbia	82 00	.....
Phillips	.....	6 00
Germania	.....	1 00
Parr, Story and Cherry Run	.....	1 10
Union Lubric	70	83
Pittsburgh and Philadelphia	.....	1 75
Stella	.....	85 00
Cherry Run & Pittsburgh	.....	1 00
Ritchie	.....	1 27
Banner	.....	95
McAboy	.....	1 00
Ross	.....	1 85
Oil Creek and Cherry Run	3 50	8 75
Quincy Mining Co	.....	1 02
Oakland R. & W. Bonds	75 00	.....

Philadelphia Stock Exchange Sales.

REPORTED BY CLARKSON & CO., BANKERS, PHILADELPHIA.

Special Dispatch to Pittsburgh Commercial.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 21.

The Stock market is steady, and money very easy and accumulating. Dalzell active; sales at 9¾; Caldwell, 6¾; Excelsior, 1¾; Big Tank, 2¼; Maple Shade, 39 bid; Irwin, 10¼; Seneca, 6@6¾; Phillips, 4¼@5; Eldorado offered at 2; Curtin, 15¼. Gold, 225¼.

WEDNESDAY, December 21—P. M.

Sales of par currency at one dollar per thousand for exchange on New York; in other words, eastern exchange is at a discount of one-tenth of one per cent.

It is only recently that the balance of trade has been so decidedly in favor of Pittsburgh that our brokers have been drawing at par and even at a small discount. Formerly the current rate was one-fourth to a half per cent premium.

This is one of the beneficial results of a uniform currency, and as the banks become converted into national institutions, the difference between our uncurrent funds and par will disappear, and notes, in fact, will be recognized as money which are not par. In fact, we do not see why the present time should not be selected to do away with the present distinction between par and currency by our banking institutions. The difference is very slight, and much future trouble might be avoided by refusing all notes for which a redemption at par was not provided either here or in Philadelphia.

Such a course would also do away with the *absurdity*—to say the least—of checks on a National Bank having to be marked "par" in order to their reception at bank and in payment of notes, stocks, &c.

A Clearing House is suggested here similar to the New York and Philadelphia plans. It would obviate the necessity of so much currency as is now required, besides a saving of time and liability to losses.

—Transactions at the Board this morning were about the usual average. The sales were as follows:

$14,000 Oakland Railway Bonds	$127 00
30,000 Treasury Notes for Eastern Exchange at 1 P ct. prem	30 00
400 Parr, Story and Cherry Run	1 10
200 Pittsburgh and Philadelphia	1 75
100 Ritchie	1 27
12 Columbia	82 00

—The prospectus of the "Muskingum and Duck Creek Oil Company," has been before the public here and in Philadelphia, for some two weeks, and we learn a large amount of the stock is subscribed. The books are opened at the store of Reymer & Bro's, 123 and 128 Wood street, at T. A. McClelland's Auction Rooms, Fifth street, and at the People's Exchange, Wilkins' Hall. It is sufficient to say of the company, that it owns, in fee simple, eighty acres of rich oil territory on Duck Creek, Ohio, contiguous to the best producing wells of that region. The company will only require a portion of the subscriptions to its stock to be paid on call, and the balance when the first strike of oil is made on its territory. We are acquainted with some of the projectors of this new company, and feel warranted in saying that they would not deceive the public by any bogus representations. It is their honest determination to develope immediately and vigorously the territory by every means in their power, and the large working capital reserved will enable them to carry out to the fullest extent this purpose. The capital is comparatively small, and a strike of a well producing ten, fifteen or twenty barrels a day, of the rich lubricating oil of the Duck Creek territory, would yield a very handsome revenue to every stockholder. As regards the peculiar value of the oil land of that locality, we insert an extract from the opinion of that eminent geologist, Professor Andrews, of Marietta College, Ohio. He says:—"Oil springs have long been known to exist, and oil in considerable quantities has lately been obtained by boring. In boring a deep well you may obtain from some fissure near the surface, enough heavy oil, not only to pay all the expenses of boring the deep well, but to give a very handsome profit. I have spent a good deal of time in making geological experiments in Ohio and Virginia, and as the result, I would say of no location in Ohio where I would sooner invest my own money in the prosecution of a legitimate oil business than on Duck Creek. I have little doubt that those who have judiciously selected locations in that neighborhood, and who prosecute their business with system and thoroughness, will find very remunerative returns of oil."

—The following additional National Banks have been authorized for the week ending December 17, inclusive:

Citizens'	Pittsburgh, Penn.	$300,000
Central	Cincinnati, Ohio	500 00
National Exchange	Troy, N. Y	100,000
First	Evansville, Ind	200,000
Commonwealth	Philadelphia, Penn.	237,000
American	Hallowell, Me	50,000
Tremont	Boston, Mass	1,500,000
Hopkins	Hopkinton, Mass	150,000
Merchants'	Washington, D. C	200,000
Ware	Ware, Mass	300,000
Suffolk	Boston, Mass	1,000,000
Ohio	Cincinnati, Ohio	500,000
First	New Ulm, Minn	60,000
Total		$5,497,000

—The following is a comparative statement of the condition of the Philadelphia Banks on last Monday:

	Dec. 12.	Dec. 19
Capital stock	$13,818,640	$13,822,744
Loans	45,816,881	46,469,087
Specie	1,983,592	1,943 14
U. S. legal-tender	14,100,127	13,280,838
Deposits	39,622,616	39,168,,870
Circulation	2,356,673	2,371,579

—The weekly averages of the old Banks of the City of New York, on Saturday, Dec. 17, 1864, present, in the aggregate, the following changes from the previous exhibit of December 10, 1864:

Increase in Loans	$2,068,167
Increase in Specie	150,500
Increase in Circulation	29,258
Decrease in Undrawn Deposits	2,351,009

—The Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago road will pay, 3d January, a dividend of 2½ per cent., free of tax, and 3½ per cent. of the third morigage bonds. The latter is in anticipation of that due April, 1865.

Havana Market.

HAVANA, December 12.

Prices of sugar unchanged. Shipments from Havana and Mantanzas 8,798 hhds and 991 bbds, of which, to New York, 3,087 hhds and 541 bbds; Boston, 40 hhds; balance to European ports. Sales to Buenos Ayres of 246 hhds; Matamoras, 950 do; Vera Cruz, 130 do, and St. Domingo, 5,0. Stock on hand 300,000 boxes and 250,000 bags; 1,351 hhds against same time 1863, of 33,610 box and 204 hhds. Onions, $2@2 25 @ 100 lbs; potatoes, $2@3 @ bbl; white beans, $5@5½ @ 100 lbs; butter, $3@35c. lard, $16@18c. cigars, $18,875; salt, $1½ @ 100 lbs; salt beef, $8@9; do pork, mess, $25; prime, $23.

Louisville Tobacco Market.

LOUISVILLE, Dec. 19.

The sales at the auction amount to 160 hhds including 92 hhds of shipping leaf at the Boone house, which was disposed of on private terms, and shipped to New York. The other sales at the Boone were 1 hhd at $5, 1 at $7 80, 5 at $9 50@10 75, and light leaf at $15 25@17 25. At the Pickett 1 hhd trash at $8 20, 6 hhd low grades at $6 90@7 90, 10 hhds light logs at $10 75@12, and leaf at $14 25@20 25. At the Ninth street 4 hhds at $9@10 50, 3 at $12 @13 50, and leaf at $14 75 to 20. At the Louisville 3 hhds low grades at $6 90@8 00, 1 at $11 75, and leaf at $15 25@24 00.

PITTSBURGH GENERAL MARKET.

PITTSBURGH COMMERCIAL OFFICE, Thursday, Dec. 22, 1864.

Business was not active yesterday, and the demand was restricted to small lots to meet the wants of the city trade. As a general thing prices are unchanged. Our rivers are in fair order for all navigable purposes, and, in fact, we have sufficient to float a man-of war. The weather during the past two days was very unfavorable for out door transactions, which operated as a check on trade generally. On the landing business was not very active. We noticed several boats loading for the various ports. The arrivals include the Rob Roy, from Cincinnati. She was loaded principally with flour and grain. The flour was consigned to our city dealers. This will increase their stock materially. She is announced for New Orleans this afternoon. The Minerva, as usual, had a large trip. She returned to Wheeling at noon. The Guidon left for Cincinnati with a fair trip. The Armenia, for St. Louis, is fast filling up. She is announced for this afternoon. The Hard Times did not get off yesterday, but she will out loose to-day, so be on hand. The Iron City is announced for Cincinnati on Friday. Passengers and shippers will bear this in mind. The steamers Anna, Starlight, Pilerim, Champion and Argonaut are at the landing, waiting to see what will turn up. Below will be found the sales that came under our notice, viz.:

CRANBERRIES—The market was firm, but not very active; we note sales at $25 per bbl.

SALT—Prices have undergone no change for some days; we note small sales at $3@3 10 delivered.

LARD OIL—The market was firm with a good demand; sales of 24 barrels No. 1 winter strained at $2 05 per gal.

LARD—Market firm with a fair enquiry; sales 15 ⁷⁄₈s at 24½@25c ₰ lb.

BACON—We have nothing new to note in regard to this article; the supply of new bacon was limited and so were the sales. Shoulders, 22c; sides, 23c, and sugar cured hams, 25c. The old stock is about played out.

BUCKWHEAT FLOUR—The demand was moderate and so were the transaction; sales of 2,500 lbs at $5 50@5 75.

GRAIN—The demand is improving for oats. The demand is increasing, with liberal transactions; sales 650 bushels at 95c; 300 do store 98c; 500 do store, 98c; small lots sold at $1. Corn was in fair request; sales of 370 bush new yaron wharf, $1 25; old ranges from $1 60 to 1 65. Wheat—The prices for this article have been very irregular; the nominal prices of Red were $2 10@White, $2 15@2 20; a very choice lot of 1,500 bush Red was reported at $2 30. These are steep figures. Barley was firm, with a good demand, at $1 80 for spring and $2 for fall.

FLOUR—The market was steady, with a good local demand for home purposes. The receipts are on the increase. During the past three days some 3,500 barrels have been received by our large operators by the river. Prices have undergone no change. Among the sales were—Extra, 100 bbls at $10 50; Extra Family, 85 bbls at $11 25; 110 bbls do at $11@11 20; 40 bbls do at $11 15; and 56 bbls do at $11 15 per barrel.

POTATOES—Have been quiet for some days. We note sales of 100 bbls Peach Blows, at dep't, at $1.

APPLES—The market was not active. During the week the receipts have fallen off. We note sales of 200 bbls at $3 25@3 50 per barrel.

POULTRY—Scarce. Prices rule high. Sales of 40 pair of chickens at 75c per pair.

HAY—The receipts early in the week were very light. Yesterday they were larger. We note sales 17 loads at sales at $45@50 ₰ ton.

BUTTER—The market was firm with a good country. We note sales choice roll at 40@45c.

VENISON—Is beginning to arrive. We note sales of two deers at 20c ₰ lb.

HIDES—The market was firm with a large demand. The packers in this vicinity are doing a large business. Prices have further advanced. Prices ranged from $12 2 15 @ cwt; No. 2 quality. One lot of 80 head, averaging 835 lbs, sold at $13 12½ ₰ cwt; 371 head, averaging 780 lbs, sold at $13 15; 443 head, averaging 760 lbs, sold at $12 45. Smaller sized hogs sold below these figures.

PITTSBURGH OIL TRADE.

OFFICE OF THE DAILY COMMERCIAL, Thursday, Dec. 22, 1864.

Business in the oil way was dull; the sales were only in a small way. Prices were unchanged. The unfavorable state of the weather has prevented receipts by the river. A number of parcels are know to be on the way down. The market at Oil City was firm at the latest dates with an active demand. Purchasers were plenty at the wells, and $11 @11 25 was freely paid, whilst at the mouth $12 @@ 12 25 were the current prices. Speculations in oil and were as active as formerly. The fortunate owners of oil territory have only to name the prices and a bargain is immediately consummated. The stock of crude oil in our market is very light, and is held by two or three dealers. Our refineries, however, have a sufficient supply to last for some time. Prices seems to have reached the top. Refined oil was in better demand; the sales were in a small way. Buyers are offering large figures but holders are not disposed to give way. They say they can wait; their turn will soon be along. The only transactions that came under our notice were as follows:

CRUDE OIL—We have nothing new to note in regard to this article, the supply on hand being too small and the sales too limited to fix prices with any degree of certainty. The sales were 200 bbls at private terms included, and 100 bbls of Riley oil at 31½c, packages returned.

REFINED OIL—We did not learn of but one transaction, viz: 200 bbls, in bond, at 68c, that appears to be the ruling figure; free is held at 88c.

TAR—Market unchanged and holders steady at $7 25 ₰ bbl, with an export demand.

NAPTHA—Was unchanged; bonded 20c; free, 40c.

Imports Oil per Allegheny Valley R. R.

GOING EAST.

Aladdin Company, 500 bbls refined, for Philadelphia.

Lockhart & Frew, 289 bbls refined, for Philadelphia.

Waring & King, 41 bbls tar, for New York.

J Grace & Co, 50 bbls tar, for New York.

W McKeown, 50 bbls refined, for Copsby.

Ellsworth & Co, 192 bbls refined, for Philadelphia.

Rider & Clark, 102 bbls refined, for Baltimore.

PITTSBURGH PIG IRON MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH COMMERCIAL, Thursday, December 22, 1864.

Business in the Pig Iron way was not very active. The sales made were in small lots. The near approach to the first of January prevents large operations. On the opening of the new year the trade will open up in earnest. The sales that came under our notice were the following:

SALES OF HANGING ROCK PIG IRON.

207 tons Hot Blast	$2 50, cash
27 tons Cold Blast	87 00, cash
20 tons Anthracite	67 50, cash
BLOOMS.	
25 tons Juniata	$150, cash

Hog Products.

Cincinnati.—The receipts of hogs by the various channels entering into the city, during the past week,

Foot up about	68,148
Previously reported	240,578
Total for the season	308,726
Same time in 1863	307,569
" " 1862	43,917
" " 1861	262,707
" " 1860	263,393
" " 1859	372,876
" " 1858	336,945
" " 1857	261,953
" " 1856	312,702
" " 1855	328,899
" " 1854	375,603

The receipts during the corresponding week last year, were 27 523 head, thus showing a difference in favor of this season of 19,894 and for the season of 1, 155 head.

The receipts to-day foot up about 6,000 head, and the entered sales to only 1,056 head, as follows:

579 head, averaging 170 lbs.....at $14 00
369 " " 212 "country dressed" 14 40

These sales, however, cannot be regarded as a fair criterion of the market, for they were hogs killed on Saturday. The market this morning opened rather quiet under the unfavorable weather, and the heavy decline in gold. Packers were offlish, and most of them having as many hogs on hand as they can handle for several days to come, refused to purchase to any great extent. Drovers, however, under the appearances of more favorable weather, remained firm, and at the close they were asking $14 @@14 75 for 200 pound averages, killed this afternoon, or to be killed to morrow. $13 @@15 00 per 100 pounds net may be considered the whole range at the close.

Louisville.—The market is firm with light receipts, and only one or two packing houses in operation, the others having either closed or are about closing, the number of hogs slaughtered around the falls for the government will not exceed 60,000, and the entire slaughter thus far this season is 87,000 head. Sales 700 hogs were made to day in lots at 11¾@12c gross, taken at pen weights, chiefly at the latter rate. Some 3,500 bbls new city mess pork were sold all at $40, and bulk shoulders at 15c.

Chicago.—The receipts of hogs during the week ending to-day (Dec. 17th) amount to 40,704 head, and 19,806 re-shipped—showing a total of 116,312, against a total of 89,139, an increase on the week of 28,373. During the corresponding week in 1863, the receipts of live and dressed hogs amounted to 69,015, which is 57,497 less than the receipts this week. The following table shows the weekly receipts of live hogs from October 1st to December 17th for three years:

WEEKLY RECEIPTS OF LIVE HOGS AT CHICAGO FOR THREE YEARS.

Week ending	1864.	1863.	1862.
October 8	6,000	29,694	18,717
" 15	29,155	31,844	31,660
" 22	32,231	38,538	32,544
" 29	26,261	67,310	46,544
Nov'r. 5	55,452	44,049	59,256
" 12	63,708	76,642	71,586
" 19	90,069	91,964	49,978
" 26	90,445	105,809	55,099
Decber 3	85,909	122,825	42,786
" 10	87,403	8 ,668	72,288
" 17	116,756	88,,68	61,865
Total live to date	573,401	751,388	599,177
Add dressed to date	28,129	59,968	27,648
Total live & dressed	501,629	891,941	546,825

The shipment of live hogs during the week ending last day (December 17) were very light, in consequence of the high prices paid by packers in the early part of the week. The shipments of live hogs this week amount to 8,584, and of dressed hogs 697—giving a total of 9,281, against 16,,55, the week previous, and 16,359 during the corresponding week in 1863.

Award of Bids for Hay at St. Louis.

A contract for 3,000 tons of Prairie Hay was awarded by Captain Currie, A. Q. M., yesterday, to R. E. Goodell & Co., at $28 per ton.—*Republican.*

Philadelphia Cattle Market.

The arrivals and sales of beef cattle have fallen off this week, reaching about 2,100 head. The market is rather dull, but prices are well maintained, and extra Pennsylvania and Western Steers have advanced. Sales are making at 17½@19½c for first quality, the latter rate for choice; 15@16½c for No 2, and common at from 10@14c as per quality.

Cows are unchanged. About 100 head sold at from $30 up to $97 per head, as to quality.

Sheep are firmly held, and prices are rather better; 3,000 head sold at 7@8½c per pound gross.

Hogs are better; 3,000 head arrived and sold at $15@17 50, the 100 lbs net.

The Cattle on sale to-day are from the following States:

900 head from Pennsylvania.
600 head from Illinois.
575 head from Ohio.

The following are the particulars of the sales made:

COWS AND CALVES.

The arrivals and sales of cows at Philips' Avenue Drove Yard reach about 100 head this week. There is a good demand, and prices remain about the same as last quoted. Springers are selling at from $30 to $70, and cow and calf at $85 up to $90 ₰ head, as to quality.

Calves are firmly held. 40 head sold at from 9@10½c ₰ lb, as to quality.

THE SHEEP MARKET.

The arrivals and sales of sheep at Phillips' Avenue Drove Yard are small this week, only reaching about 3,000 head. The market, in consequence, is very firm, and prices are rather better, with sales of common to good at 7@8c, and extra sheep at from 8½@8½c ₰ lb gross, according to quality.

THE HOG MARKET.

The arrivals and sales of hogs at the Union and Avenue Drove Yards reach about 7,400 head this week. The market is more active and prices have advanced, with sales at $15@17 50 the 100 lbs net, the latter for prime corn fed.

2,80 head sold at Henry Glass' Union Drove Yard at from $15@17 50 the 100 lbs net.

2,500 head sold at Phillips' Avenue Drove Yard at from $15 up to 17 50 the 100 lbs net, as to quality.

Cincinnati Lumber Market.

We have to report a fair demand for all materialities, and a liberal business is being transacted at the various yards throughout the city, at the following quotations:

QUOTATIONS AT THE YARDS.

Clear, per 1,000 feet	$65 00
1st Common "	55 00
2d "	45 00
3d "	35 00
Hemlock "	30 00
Pine Joists and Timber per 1,000 feet	45 00
Pine Fencing Boards "	40 00
Hemlock "	30 00
1st Common Flooring "	70 00
2d "	60 00
1st " weather boarding "	30 00
2d " "	28 00
Locust Posts per 100	40 00
Shingles, No. 1, 18-inch, per 1,000 feet	7 50
" 2, "	6 50
Lath "	6 00

Cincinnati Tobacco Market.

December 21.

Sales of 24 hhds Mason County leaf and lugs, viz: 1 at $12 75, 1 at $14 25, 3 at $15@15 50, 9 at $16@16 50, 1 at $18 25, 1 at $19, 2 at $20; 12 hhds (private sale) at $14 50; 10 boxes new and old Kentucky ranging from $1 50@12. Receipts light.

IMPORTS BY RIVER.

Wheeling.

PER MINERVA.—John Herbert, 9 bbls cider, 35 do apples; Victor Scriber, 2 bbls cider; Stewart, 25 bbls cider; C Kuntz, 20 bbls cider, 5 pkgs sundries; J Butterfield, 5 bbls vinegar; Owens & Kennedy, 175 bbls apples; L H Voight, 30 bbls apples; Mechlin & Schmidt, 5 bbls apples; Spencer & McKay, 75 empty bbls, 3 half bbls and 1 bbl ale; Sorayth, Bros & Co, 68 empty oil bbls; Ardasco Oil Company, 95 bbls refl bbls; Cochran & Fischer, 4 empty oil bbls; Gaumaker, Clarke & Co, 32 sacks wool, 1 bbls and 3 boxes; J Eldred, 1 horse, 63 pckgs sundries; Lowry, 125 pkgs sundries; Peebles & Arnold, corn; H Oppenheimer & Co, 2 bales batting; W H Hagan, 14 bales hay; S S Marvin, 2 bbls crackers; F W Keyser, 4 boxes mdse; W P Weyman, 1 box mdse; C Mellor, 1 box piano stools; C P Markle, 12 bales rags; Wm S Jackson, 1 box pigs; Shoenberger & Co, 5 kegs nuts; G N Hoffstott, 18 rolls leather.

Cincinnati.

PER ROB ROY—Culp & Shepherd, 600 bbls flour; Bingham & Sturgis, 100 do; S Lindsay, Jr, & Co, 200 do; Clarke & Co; 370 do; Knox & McKee, 500 do; Mackeown & Linhart, 300 do; Graham & Thomas, 200 do; Schoonmaker & Vorcamp, 300 do; P C Jenkins, 200 do; J Ross, 10 boxes candles; W Mackeown, 3 bbls; Hays & Shepherd, 87 bbls flour; C O Carpenter, 175 sks wheat; R T Kennedy, 737 sks wheat; Col Whitley, 40 boxes saddles.

IMPORTS BY RAILROAD.

Per Cleveland and Pittsburgh R. R.—C G Hussey, 170 plates copper; J S Liggitt, 160 sacks wheat; B Caulfield, 81 bales tow; Palmer & J, 66 bundles chains; C F Klopper, 50 do do; Shomaker & Co, 99 boxes cheese; J R Rhodes & Co, 161 sacks barley; R Dalzell, 37 bales tow; M Shoving, 50 packages merchandise; J B Caulfield, 121 boxes cheese; Patter A & Co, 155 bags oats, 18 do potatoes; S Ewart, 37 boxes cheese; Fleming & A, 38 bbls apples; A J Hall, 150 sacks corn.

Imports Oil per Allegheny Valley R. R.—J Sefirey, 9 pkgs mdse; S smith, 12 do do; A V R Co, 6 bags rags; J B Ralston, 8 wood hides; J Kirkpatrick, 25 doz brooms; E H Myers, 100 bbls flour; F Sellers & Co, 150 tes hams; D Wallace, 50 do do and 100 bbls flour; Col Cross, 1,050 sks oats.

River Matters.

Arrivals and Departures of Steamboats.

ARRIVED.

Franklin	Carmac	Brownsville.
Hibernia	Clarke	Brownsville.
Lantern Rock	Irwin	Cincinnati.
G. McC. Porter	Taylor	Wheeling.

DEPARTED.

Hibernia	Clarke	Brownsville.
Franklin	Carmac	Brownsville.
Lantern Rock	Irwin	Cincinnati.
Golden Era	Bryan	Portsmouth.
Minerva	Gordon	Wheeling.
Guidon	Batchelor	Cincinnati.

THE RIVER.—Last evening at twilight there were seventeen feet of water in the channel, and falling. The weather during the day was cool.

THE new steamer Hard Times, Perry Brown commander, is announced for Cincinnati and Louisville on Wednesday. Shippers will bear this in mind.

HO FOR ST. LOUIS.—The first class passenger packet, Armenia, A. C. McCallum commander, will leave for Cario and St. Louis on Wednesday. We take pleasure in recommending this boat to our friends.

THE fine passenger steamer Iron City, Capt. Sims, is announced for Cincinnati and Louisville. This boat has superior accommodations, and careful and attentive officers. Our friend J. L. McCreery, who presides in the office, will see that passengers have the best of attention.

HO FOR MEMPHIS AND NEW ORLEANS.—The new steamer Rob Roy, Capt. Rhnester, leaves for New Orleans this day. Passengers and shippers should bear this in mind. The first clerk is D. B. Ludwick. Any business entrusted to him will be done about right.

Cincinnati.—The *Commercial* says:—The lower Ohio is rising, with twelve feet from Portland to Cairo. The Mississippi, at St. Louis, is also rising this day. Passengers and freight arrived per Hard Times, Perry Brown, from Cincinnati, this morning. She reports the river